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CITY ITEMS.

House and Two Acres At Auction.

A. Leggate will offer on Monday next at two o'clock, at his auction House, No. 159 Federal street, Allegheny, Mr. Harbaugh's cottage, and two acres in McClure township, twenty minutes walk from Allegheny. To insure competition and positive sale, the minimum price is reduced to three thousand five hundred dollars. The property is considered cheap at a thousand dollars more than this sum.

At the World's Fair

In London, 1862, the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine received the highest award—all the Machines of Europe and America in competition. This award has always been made wherever exhibited. You will make no mistake in ordering one as a holiday gift to wife, sister or friend. They can be purchased only at Sumner & Co's., 27 Fifth street.

Hazard & Caswell's Cod Liver Oil.

The Purest and Sweetest Cod Liver Oil in the world, manufactured from fresh, healthy livers, upon the sea-shore. It is perfectly pure and sweet. Ask for "Hazard & Caswell's Cod Liver Oil," manufactured by

CASWELL, MAZE & Co. New York.

Sold by all druggists. MW

Go to Fleming's Drug Store,

For the best White Lead in the City. 84 Market Street.

Dr. Warner.

The medical office of E. Warner, old Indian Physician, & Son, removed to No. 211 Penn street. MWF

All in Want

Of canned fruits and vegetables are invited to inspect the assortment kept by Geo. Beaven, at 117 Federal street, Allegheny City.

Drugs and Medicines.

Doctors' prescriptions carefully prepared at half the usual prices, at Fulton's Drug Store, opposite Postoffice.

You Can Buy

Foreign Liquors of all kinds at Joseph S. Finch's Distillery, No. 189, 191, 193 and 195 First street, Pittsburgh.

Go to Fleming's Drug Store,

No. 84 Market Street, for Flaxseed Oil and Turpentine.

You Can Buy

per cent. Alcohol at Joseph S. Finch's.

You Can Buy

New Rye at Joseph S. Finch's.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

Washington Hunt died in New York on Saturday morning, in the fifty-sixth year of his age. He served as a Representative in Congress from the Buffalo District, from 1843 to 1849, he was then elected Comptroller of New York, and in 1850 chosen Governor of that State. Since that time he has lived in retirement on his farm near Lockport. He was a delegate to the Chicago Convention in 1864. In politics he belonged to the small and select class called "silver-grey" Whigs.

Hon. Stiny Merrick, lately Judge of the Supreme Court of Massachusetts, died in Boston Saturday afternoon.

A bill has been introduced in the New York Legislature to enable national bank associations to become State banking institutions.

A fire occurred at Wentzville, Missouri, on Thursday night, which destroyed about ten thousand dollars worth of property. The same night a store in Louisville, five miles north of Wentzville, was broken open and robbed of three hundred dollars belonging the Merchants' Union Express, and the building and its contents, including the jewels and records of the Masonic Lodge, burned. Wentzville has lost fifty thousand dollars by incendiary fires during the past two months.

Salt water of great strength has been reached within the city limits of Lawrence, Kansas, at a depth of seventy-five feet. Parties have leased all the city property in the vicinity. Much excitement exists over the matter.

Congressmen are to be elected in Kentucky, on the 4th of May, instead of at the regular August election.

The Kentucky Legislature is considering resolutions requesting the President to issue a proclamation, giving all unduly, and if now considered expedient by him, that John C. Breckenridge be pardoned and permitted to return home.

Mollie Trussell, sent to the Penitentiary one year for killing her paramour, in Chicago, has been pardoned after an imprisonment of about one month.

Mr. L. Sills, of Chicago, has commenced suit against Mr. Crosby and the drawing Committee, for the recovery of five dollars invested in an Opera House certificate.

Almost simultaneously with the prostration of Hon. H. S. Magraw, by paralysis, in Washington City, his brother, James Magraw, who resides near Baltimore, was stricken down by the same disease. Should he die, four of the Magraw brothers will have fallen from the same cause. The only survivor is Mr. Samuel Magraw of Bellair Mary land.

The man who attacked and robbed the wagon of the Hope Express, between Kingston and Wilkes-Barre, on the 9th of January last, of $18,000, were sentenced, at Wilkes-Barre, on Saturday, to the penitentiary for five years each. The money was recovered.

James F. Otis, a well known journalist of Boston, died yesterday.

The operatives of the Middlesex woolen mills at Lowell, Mass., are on a strike, in consequence of a reduction of wages.

General Ord is moving his head-quarters from Little Rock, Arkansas, to Fort Smith.

The *New Era*, a radical paper at Fort Smith, Arkansas, is about to suspend its publication on account of the antagonistic feeling there.

Yesterday morning a fire broke out in the bakery of Danguer & Nattern, on West First street, Oswego, New York. Three blocks were destroyed. Loss about $50,000; insurance from $15,000 to $20,000.

FROM MEXICO.

The Imperialists Enforcing Loans—A Movement in Behalf of Ortega—The Exodus of Mexican and French Residents—Shipments of Specie to Europe—Movements on the Pacific Coast.

New York, February 3.—Mexican correspondence to the 7th ult., states that forced loans were the result of the late deliberations of the Imperialists at La Tessa, and American residents were to be among the contributors to support the Maximilian Government. Twenty-five members of the Junta voted for the continuance of Maximilian on the throne, but it was the popular impression that the council has resolved to pronounce for Ortega as a leader of the national will.

The exodus of Mexican and French residents is increasing. The Archbishop of Mexico is getting ready to take his departure.

Two and a half millions of dollars have been shipped from Vera Cruz as an advance of the French withdrawal from the Empire.

SAN FRANCISCO, February 26.—The Golden Age, from Panama, brings later dates from Mexico. General Alvarez has moved his forces toward the City of Mexico, his headquarters being Iguala.

Five or six vessels, due at Mazatlan, with full cargoes of merchandise from Europe, will be landed while the Imperialists have possession of Colima. Corova and the other Generals will spare no efforts to capture the forts.

Five French war vessels were in the harbor of Acapulco. A small force of Imperialists garrisons the forts.

SAN FRANCISCO, February 3.—The Mexican Consul at this city has received official information of the capture of an important town, Curnarcas, forty miles from the City of Mexico, together with the Imperial forces commanded by Colonel Madrid, who is also said to be shot by order of a court martial.

General Palacces routed the Imperialists at Morei, State of Michocor, and captured the city.

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Pittsburgh Gazette.

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FIRST EDITION.

ONE O'CLOCK, A. M.

EARLY TELEGRAMS.

FROM EUROPE.

An Offer to Pay the Alabama Claims

THE ENGLISH MINISTRY WILL NOT RECOMMEND REFORM.

Concession of Religious Liberty in France.

AN AMERICAN SQUADRON IN THE MEDITERRANEAN.

The North German Confederation.

ATLANTIC AND GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

LONDON, February 1.—The affairs of the Atlantic and Great Western Railroad, which were referred to a Committee, are much improved.

THE ALABAMA CLAIMS.

Mr. Laird offers to pay the Alabama claims.

AN EARTHQUAKE IN AFRICA.

An earthquake occurred at Sierra Leone, and was very destructive to life and property.

MAXIMILIAN'S PLANS.

LONDON, February 2.—Advices from the Continent state that it is officially announced that Maximilian will remain in Mexico, if the Congress of that country, now soon to assemble, sustains him.

REFORM POLICY OF THE GOVERNMENT.

It is said that the plans of the Government do not embrace the introduction of the Reform bill. The subject of reform will merely be recommended.

GARIBALDI'S ROMAN POLICY.

Garibaldi discountenances any rising at Rome at present.

RELIGIOUS LIBERTY IN FRANCE.

PARIS, February 1.—Napoleon will soon issue a decree granting the perpetual right of social assemblage at meetings.

AMERICAN SQUADRON IN THE MEDITERRANEAN.

PARIS, February 2.—*La Presse* thinks the presence of the American squadron in the Mediterranean seems only to complicate the Eastern question.

THE NORTH GERMAN CONFEDERATION.

BERLIN, February 1.—The flag of the North German Confederation agreed upon, will consist of an eagle, and black, white and red.

PRUSSIA AND THE SOUTH GERMAN STATES.

Prussia declines to treat with the South German States, on account of the provisions of the treaty of Prague.

PRUSSIAN POLICY AS TO FRANCE AND BELGIUM.

BERLIN, February 2.—Count Bismarck has refused to declare the policy to be pursued by Germany, with regard to differences between France and Belgium on one side, and Prussia on the other.

REVOLUTIONARY ARRESTS IN SPAIN.

MADRID, February 2.—Over one hundred arrests have recently been made here of persons supposed to be connected with the revolutionary schemes.

GREECE AND CANDIA.

ATHENS, February 1.—It is impossible for the Government to prevent the Greek volunteers leaving for Crete. Fifteen hundred have just left for that island.

ABANDONED AT SEA.

LIVERPOOL, February 2.—*Evening.*—The ship Monmouth, from New Orleans for Liverpool, via Pensacola, was abandoned at sea; no date. Eight lives lost; the remainder of the crew, twelve in number, were saved.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL.

LIVERPOOL, February 2.—The steamer Belgium, from Portland, has arrived at Green Castle. The City of Cork, from New York, has also arrived.

QUEENSTOWN, February 2.—The steamer Sacramento arrived at Monrovia on January 12th.

The steamer Persia, from New York, has also arrived.

LONDON, February 2.—*Evening.*—Consols declined ⅛, and quoted at 90¾ for money and account. Erie shares declined ¾, and closed at 38¾. At Frankfort Five-Twenties advanced ⅜, and closed at 76¾. At Paris United States bonds fully ⅝, and closed at 82¾. Bonds in this city all unchanged, as are also Illinois Central; the former closing at 75, and the latter at 86¾.

LIVERPOOL, February 2.—*Evening.*—Cotton closed dull and inactive. The sales to-day amount to 6,000 bales; prices firm and unchanged. Breadstuffs quiet. Corn declined; 40s for mixed Western. Provisions quiet and steady. Spirits of Turpentine 37s 6d per cwt.

FROM NEW YORK.

Crime in the City—Crisis Among the Insurance Companies—Seizure of the Railroad—Cuyler as a Privateer—Gambling House "Pulled"—Professions Waiting for Something to "Turn Up"—Southern Relief, etc.

CRIME IN NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, February 3.—Numerous daring robberies have lately taken place in the Seventh ward, the perpetrators of which are still at large. Eight houses were plundered on the same night. James A. Will and William Neill, just from California, were yesterday induced by sharpers to exchange $5,000 in gold for a bogus check for $6,812,50.

FIRES ON BROADWAY.

S. D. Marlow's hat and furnishing goods store on Broadway, was damaged to the extent of $15,000 in stock and $2,000 in fixtures, insured for $7,000. The adjoining stores were slightly damaged.

WOULDN'T PAY THEIR TAXES.

It is stated that the house of Nicholas Bowen & Co., bankers and brokers in Wall street, has been seized for deficiencies to the Government on taxes, amounting to $15,000. The house has done a large foreign and domestic banking business for the last fifteen years.

A PERSIAN MICAWBERISM.

The Fenians, it is now said, have determined to retain the arms they offeren for sale, as they expect something to turn up soon—a war between France and England, perhaps, on the Lamarinde case.

NEW COUNTERFEIT.

A new ten-dollar counterfeit on the Flour City National Bank, Rochester, is in circulation.

GAMBLING HOUSE "PULLED."

The police last night made a descent upon the gambling house of Alexander R. Spencer, on Broadway, arrested Spencer and eighty-one gamblers and seized a complete gambling apparatus. Among those arrested were twenty-six married men. They were gambling at keno. Their ages range rom 19 to 45.

INTERNAL REVENUE COLLECTED.

The Internal Revenue collected on New York City for 1866 amounts to $35,700,000, and for the last four years nearly $100,000,000.

SEIZED AS A PRIVATEER.

The steamer R. B. Cuyler, recently reported sold to the Columbian Government, has been seized under the orders of Collector Barney, on charge of having been fitted out as a privateer for the Chilian or Peruvian service. She had an armament of six guns aboard, and a large quantity of small arms and ammunition, and was manned by sixty ex-rebels. Representations by respectable parties, however, say that the privateer story is untrue, and that the vessel is actually sold to the Columbian Government, under assurances by the State Department that such a sale would be perfectly legitimate.

RAILROAD CONSOLIDATION.

The Camden and Amboy and New Jersey Railroads have taken preliminary measures to consolidate their interests.

CRISIS AMONG INSURANCE COMPANIES.

There was a rumor in Wall street yesterday, that a crisis of a threatening nature hangs over many of the insurance companies of the city, owing to the unprecedented losses by fire and marine disasters during the past year. Yearly statements have been published by some of the most prominent companies, by which it appears that many of them cancel all the capital represented by scrip.

The Sun Mutual Insurance Company held a meeting on Saturday, in consequence of the report in relative to its financial condition, and a committee was appointed to examine the books.

The *Herald* editorially says: The case of the Sun Mutual Insurance Company has been published, and a very heavy discount—in some instances as low as 15@20 per cent. Many of the present holders of the scrip is therefore speculators, who have purchased certificates of profit for a mere song.

SOUTHERN RELIEF.

The Southern Relief Committee have thus far raised $14,000.

TELEGRAPH DIVIDENDS.

The Western Union Telegraph Company is paying its January Dividends at the New York office instead of sending out checks to stockholders. Payment is made on orders or drafts through banks or otherwise.

THIRTY-NINTH CONGRESS.

(SECOND SESSION.)

WASHINGTON, February 2, 1867.

SENATE.

THE SUGAR REFINERS.

A petition was presented from the Sugar Refiners of the United States, stating that there are thirty-five millions of dollars invested in their business in the country, and asking for protection in the pending Tariff bill.

TERRITORIAL BUSINESS.

Mr. WADE called up the bill authorizing the Judges of Idaho to appoint the time and place of holding Courts, and providing that the Legislature shall be elected biennially, in August, and meet biennially on the first Monday in December, which was passed.

PACIFIC OCEAN MAIL SERVICE.

A joint resolution, authorizing ocean mail service, three times per month, between San Francisco and Portland, Oregon, at a cost not exceeding $25,000 per annum, was passed.

THE AUSTRIAN MISSION.

Mr. SUMNER'S resolution calling for the letter on which Mr. Seward founded his enquiries to Minister Motley, was passed.

INTER-OCEANIC SHIP CANAL.

On motion of Mr. CONNESS, the Secretary of State was requested to report what steps had been taken by him to obtain from the Republic of Columbia, the right for the United states to make the necessary surveys for an inter-oceanic ship canal through her territory.

PAYMENT OF CLAIMS.

Mr. TRUMBULL, from the Judiciary Committee, reported a resolution prohibiting payments from the Treasury to persons not known to have been opposed to the rebellion, and in favor of its suppression, with an amendment striking out the provision above quoted, and leaving the bill to prohibit the payment of any claim of such persons occurring prior to the 15th of April, 1861, and that no person shall authorize such payment until this joint resolution be modified or rescinded.

MINING LANDS.

Mr. STEWART, from the Committee on Public Lands, reported a bill providing for the entry at minimum price in the public land offices in California and Nevada, lands settled and occupied as town sites, with an amendment providing it shall be construed subject to the provision of the act granting the right or way to ditch and canal owners over the public lands, and nothing in the act shall be construed to grant any right in conflict with the rights of miners upon public lands, which they hold under any law of Congress, or by virtue of rules or customs of miners.

TO PUNISH CERTAIN CRIMES.

Mr. HENDRICKS from the Committee on Judiciary, reported a bill to define and punish certain crimes therein mentioned, with an amendment striking out the whole bill and inserting that if any persons shall rob another, unlawfully take or destroy, of any kind or description of personal property belonging to the United States, or shall feloniously receive or have the same, the person so offending, shall, on conviction, be punished by a fine not exceeding $5,000, or by imprisonment at hard labor not less than one year, or both, at the discretion of the Court.

REMOVAL OF CASES TO U. S. COURTS.

Mr. HARRIS introduced a bill to amend the act for the removal of causes, in certain cases, from State courts, approved July 27, 1866, which amendment provides that parties to any suit pending in the State Courts, liable to or shall be defended in a cause retained according to the laws of such State for adjudication, for relief sought by him or them, if plaintiff has ceased to prosecute the original action, shall be entitled where the amount involved does not exceed $2,000, at any time before trial or final hearing thereof, to have said cause removed to the U. S. Circuit Court, in the manner and form now prescribed by the act, to which this is a supplement; *Provided*, That such removal shall apply only where it is made to appear that the Constitution and existing laws be brought into the Circuit or District Court of the United States in the State of the original action.

Sec. two provides that the pleadings in the cause when transferred, shall be filed same force and effect which the original pleadings would have in the State Courts, under the laws of the State, and that the non-existence of the commencement of the cause therein *Provided*, no person shall be excluded or prevented from testifying or be deemed incompetent as a witness, upon account of his color or race.

BANKRUPT BILL.

The Bankrupt bill was taken up. The pending question was upon the amendment of the Judiciary Committee to strike out the proposition of the House bill, exempting from the operation of the act so much of the debtor's property as is exempted by exemption law of the State in which the debtors reside.

The proposition was debated by Messrs. STEWART, FOSTER, POLAND and DOOLITTLE, after which the vote was taken on Mr. Wilson's amendment to insert in lieu of the above a provision that an amount may be exempted not to exceed two thousand dollars. This was disagreed to, and the question recurred on striking out the clause above referred to, and resulted, yeas, 14; nays, 29.

TENURE OF OFFICE.

The Senate bill to regulate the tenure of office was resumed. The pending question was on the motion to include Cabinet officers among those who cannot be removed without the advice and consent of the Senate.

Mr. EDMUNDS moved that the Senate disagree, and call for a Committee of Conference.

Mr. TRUMBULL hoped the Senate would agree to the amendment. He did not see why Cabinet Ministers should be excepted from the operation of the bill, and they might as well be made here as in a Committee of Conference.

Mr. CAMERON said the Senate had expressed its opinion very decidedly on this subject, and according to the usages of the body, it ought to be considered a matter in are still at large. Eight houses were plundered on the same night. James A. Will and William Neill, just from California, were yesterday induced by sharpers to exchange $5,000 in gold for a bogus check for $6,812,50.

Mr. HOWARD said the Senate had expressed its opinion very decidedly on this subject, and according to the usages of the body, it ought to be considered a matter in which it had so decidedly voted down.

Mr. HENDRICKS moved to postpone the further consideration of the subject. Disagreed to.

DEATH OF REPRESENTATIVE JOHNSON.

The Clerk of the House announced the proceedings of that body on the death of Philip Johnson, Representative from the Eleventh District of Pennsylvania.

Mr. BUCKALEW delivered an address on the life and character of the deceased, of whom he spoke in terms of sincere regard and high respect.

The customary resolutions were passed and the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.

BUSINESS OF THE HOUSE.

On motion of Mr. WILSON, of Iowa, leave was given the Judiciary Committee to sit during session hours for the remainder of the session.

Mr. HOOPER gave notice of his intention to move on Monday for evening sessions of the House daily, except Saturdays.

TENURE OF OFFICE.

The Senate bill to regulate the tenure of certain civil officers came up.

The vote of yesterday, rejecting Mr. Williams' amendment, was reconsidered, 74 against 65, and the amendment adopted, by 68 against 63. The effect of the amendment is to strike out the exception of Cabinet officers from the provisions of the bill. Bill passed, 111 against 38.

THE TARIFF BILL.

The Senate amendments to the Tariff Bill were referred to the Committee of Ways and Means.

PATENT EXTENSION.

The bill to extend the patent of Thos. W. Harvey was tabled.

KENTUCKY MILITIA.

The Senate joint resolution providing for the payment of certain Kentucky militia forces was passed with amendments.

PRIVATE BILLS.

Several private bills were disposed of.

ELECTION OF PUBLIC PRINTER.

Mr. LAFLIN, from the Committee on Printing, reported a bill for the election, by the House, of a Congressional Printer, and the abolishment of the office of Superintendent of Public Printing.

No member seeking the floor, Mr. LAFLIN moved the previous question, which was seconded.

Mr. TRIMBLE moved to table the bill and the vote was about being taken, when

DEATH OF HON. PHILIP JOHNSTON.

Mr. ANCONA rose and announced the death of his colleague, Hon. Philip Johnston, and offered the usual resolutions of condolence and respect. Eulogies were delivered, after which the House adjourned.

FROM TEXAS.

Military Officers to Act as Freedmen's Bureau Officers—Arrest of Two Doctors for Brutality on a Negro Lad.

GALVESTON, February 2.—General Griffin has issued orders empowering military officers, where there are no Sub Assistant Commissioners of the Freedmen's Bureau, to act as such. This extends the operation of the Bureau over the entire State.

General Griffin officially compliments Major Hogan, of the 15th United States colored troops, for gallantry in dispersing a troop of bandits at Hogtown.

There was some excitement at Waco, on account of two doctors who had performed a nameless surgical mutilation on a negro lad. They had been arrested by the civil authorities and rescued afterwards by citizens. They were finally re-arrested, and are now held by the military.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

VERY LATEST TELEGRAMS.

THE BREAK UP.

The Ice Broken.

THE DAMAGE DONE.

Special Dispatches.

[*By the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Co.*]

BROWNSVILLE, Feb. 3.—6 P. M.

The ice gorge between this place and Greensboro, gave way at four o'clock this afternoon, since carrying everything before it. The ice swiftly floated down the rapid stream, and swept with it barges, skiffs, timbers, and everything which was loosely moored on the banks.

At five o'clock it reached Rice's Landing, and the floating mountains of ice tore away, it is thought, great portions of Dam No. 6. It also materially injured the abutment of the dam. The lock is gorged with ice, and will be useless for several days, as it will prove a difficult task to clear it out.

BROWNSVILLE, 10 o'clock, P. M.

At a few minutes past seven o'clock the ice reached Brownsville. The river immediately filled from bank to bank, but, as yet no serious damage to property in this neighborhood, has been reported. Several rafts have swept past during the last few hours. There are twenty-eight feet of water in the channel, and rising at the rate of two feet per hour. It is impossible to ascertain the amount of damage done by the "break up" at Greensboro.

[*Special by Atlantic and Pacific.*]

MCKEESPORT, 9 o'clock, P. M.

The Monongahela and Youghiogheny rivers are running full of ice. To-day the tow boat Arab, which was moored at the mouth of the Youghiogheny, was run into by the ice coming out of that river, and damaged to such an extent as to cause her to sink gradually to her boiler deck and then capsize. She was owned by William Stone.

[*By Pacific and Atlantic Telegraph Co.*]

BROWNSVILLE, Feb. 3, 1867.—12, P. M.

There are now twenty-eight and a half feet of water and the river is falling slowly. The ice is still running heavy, and it is impossible to ascertain the exact amount of damage; but as all were pretty well prepared for a big rise, the loss here will not be very heavy. The following is all the damage so far as heard from:

The ice struck the steamboat Fayette, of the Union Packet Line Company, and she had her wheel badly damaged by heavy pieces of timber striking it, knocking several arms and buckets out. Carver, Wood & Co., had a raft carried away by the ice, and a large quantity of lumber passed here but the owners are unknown.

[*Special by Consolidated Ass. R. Tel. Line.*]

SCHAEFER'S RUN, Feb. 3—4:35 P. M.

The ice in the Youghiogheny has not started yet, and it is thought not probable that it will go out without more rain. It is gorged above, so that the water cannot get power enough to start. The river is falling here very slowly. The gorge at Sewickly Station is tremendous, the most extraordinary ever known. It is a beautiful spectacle; as a conservative estimate the number of feet of the commencement of the cause therein *Provided*, no person shall be excluded or prevented from testifying or be deemed incompetent as a witness, upon account of his color or race. When it moves look out for great damage below.

Special by Merchants' National Telegraph Co.

OIL CITY, February 3.

This morning the river was about thirty inches and rising. The ice moved below the island a little, and in some parts of the creek it is open. No general break anticipated now. It is now snowing; prospect of a freeze to-night. No damage done as yet. River now rising slowly.

COAL CITY, February 3.

Ice not moved any yet. River rising slowly.

FREEPORT, February 3.

Allegheny river falling fast. Kiskiminitis river running out heavy ice. Ice still tight in the Allegheny and Ohio.

WHEELING, Feb. 3.—The ice gorge in the river broke at this point on Saturday afternoon, carrying off the steamers New State, Heliman, Eagle, and Booth, for the Ohio Canal wharf boat. The Eagle was secured a few miles from the city considerably damaged. The Heliman, New State and Wheeler were at last accounts, still floating away with the ice, the damage unknown. The weather is thawing, the river is very high.

FROM WASHINGTON.

CONGRESS RUSHING ITS BUSINESS.

A Council of Army Officers as to Troops at the South.

BUSINESS AT THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

Rumors as to the Impeachment Project.

FREEDMEN'S AFFAIRS IN KENTUCKY.

The New Plan of Restoration.

WASHINGTON, February 3, 1867.

FREEDMEN'S AFFAIRS IN KENTUCKY.

The Commissioner of the Freedmen's Bureau has received the report of General John Ely, Chief Superintendant of the Freedmen's affairs for Kentucky, giving in detail the operations of the Bureau in that State for December. The number of contracts made during the month were fifty-four, and the average rate of wages paid to males per month, $16.41; for females, $8.50, including rations and quarters.

Gen. Ely states that the outrage upon Rev. A. Schofield, and the breaking up of a freedmen's school at Camp Nelson, by evil disposed persons, has been thoroughly investigated, but none of the parties concerned arrested as yet, owing to the inability of Mr. Schofield to identify them. The school at that place has not been re-opened.

The receipts for contracts approved, the issuing of marriage licenses, and for fines and forfeitures during the month, was $255. The number of papers issued during the month to some extent, and cases of extreme destitution have been reported.

OFFICIAL PUBLICATION OF LAWS.

Special publication is made of the act to repeal the 13th section of the law of July 17th, 1862, which section is as follows:

"*Be it further enacted*, That the President is hereby authorized at any time hereafter, by proclamation, to extend to persons who may have participated in the existing rebellion in any State, or part thereof, pardon and amnesty, with such exceptions and on such conditions as he may deem expedient for the public welfare."

Official publication is also given to the act providing that from and after its passage there shall be no denial of the elective franchise in any of the Territories of the United States, now or hereafter to be organized, to any citizens thereof, on account of race or color or previous condition of servitude, and all acts or parts of acts, either of Congress or the legislative assemblies of said territories, inconsistent with the provisions of this act, are hereby declared null and void.

Each bill is signed by the officers of the House and the Senate, and the following note attached by the Department of State:

"The foregoing act having been presented to the President of the United States for his approval, and not having been returned by him to the House of Congress in which it originated, within the time prescribed by the Constitution of the United States, has become a law without his approval."

A WEEK'S BUSINESS AT THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

The fractional currency printed at the Treasury during the week was $136,108.

There was forwarded to the Assistant Treasurer at New Orleans, $150,000; to the Assistant Treasurer at Charleston, $50,000; to the United States Depositories, $120,000, and to National banks, $931,833. Total, $47,-319,833.

During the week there have been issued from the Treasury Department $119,240 National Bank currency.

The disbursements of the week by the Treasury were as follows:

War Department	$2,160,063
Navy "	333,229
Interior "	17,927

The disbursements during the month of January were as follows:

War Department	$8,509,012
Navy "	3,781,007
Interior "	1,251,999

The fractional currency redeemed and destroyed during the week amounted to $329,-100. The receipts of Internal Revenue on Saturday were $1,522,255.45, making a total of the week of $5,828,587.90.

PATENTS ISSUED.

Two hundred and three patents will be issued from the Patent Office for the week ending on Monday the 5th inst. During the past week five hundred and ten applications and ninety caveats were filed.

APPOINTMENTS RECALLED.

The Senate has requested the President to return the nominations of the following persons who recently were rejected: Colonel Bassett Langdon, Assessor First District of Ohio; John W. Boyle, Associate Justice, Dakotah Territory.

EXAMINING SURGEONS.

Drs. E. V. Bell, of Terre Haute, Ind., and J. E. Smith, of Missouri, have been appointed examining surgeons by the Commissioner of Pensions.

COUNCIL OF ARMY OFFICERS.

A council of general officers of the army has been called by General Grant, in Washington, to confer upon matters concerning the army, and particularly in reference to maintaining garrisons in the Southern States.

CONGRESSIONAL BUSINESS.

Congress is going to rush its business now. The twenty-third of February is the last nay on which bills can be presented to the President with any degree of safety. After that they fail to become a law if he does not them within ten days, and go beyond the Thirty-ninth Congress. Both Houses will hold night sessions until the close of the session, in order to finish up the public business.

INTERNAL REVENUE RECEIPTS.

The receipts of the internal revenue since July 1, including yesterday, were $186,958,260. It is confidently believed that whatever falling off may be experienced in the internal revenue receipts for the year will be fully compensated by those from customs, which are steadily and largely increasing over last year, and the estimates made for this year; and which will sustain the whole revenue despite the large decrease now bearing heavily upon some branches of it, and leaves a surplus larger, perhaps, than has been expected.

FUNERAL CEREMONIES.

The funeral ceremonies of Representative Johnson, of Pennsylvania, were held in the House hall to-day, before a crowded audience, including the President and Secretary Seward. The funeral ceremonies were conducted by the Rev. Dr. Boynton, House Chaplain. The remains were taken to the Congressional cemetery, escorted by a large number of Senators, Representatives and officials.

A SERENADE.

Last night a reception and serenade was tendered Senators Pomeroy and Ross, of Kansas, by the citizens of that State resident in Washington, to congratulate them upon their triumph in the late Senatorial contest.

A CONTRADICTION.

The Mexican Consulate, at San Francisco, has telegraphed that the reported execution of the United States Consul at Mazatlan is false.

GENERAL SHERMAN.

General Sherman has telegraphed that he will be here on Thursday or Friday of next week.

WASHINGTON DISPATCHES TO THE NEW YORK TIMES.

From the Times Correspondence.

The House Judiciary Committee have become satisfied that the testimony already adduced, including that of General Pope, is sufficient to warrant articles of impeachment against the President. This conclusion is based on the testimony of officials only. There has been no testimony heard yet on behalf of the President, and when this is offered it may entirely change the mind of the Committee.

The strong vote given in the House on the provision in the Tenure of Office bill, that Cabinet officers shall not be removed except by and with the advice of the senate, was brought about by the belief, not definately made that in no other way could Secretary Stanton be retained in his place. It is reported that Senator Saulsbury has determined to resign.

The author of the letter to Mr. Seward, concerning Mr. Motley, is a man of wealth, who has been for pleasure through Europe. His name will probably be communicated to the Senate in response to Mr. Sumner's request to-day.

From the Tribune Correspondence.

General Ashley has just come into possession of some very important facts exceedingly damaging to the President.

The Judiciary Committee are at work on the investigation of the alleged implication of Jeff. Davis in the assassination.

The Postal Committee decided to recommend the repeal of the law prohibiting the carrying of books and newspapers in the overland mail, and making the postal laws of the country uniform.

From the World Correspondence.

There is considerable foundation for the reports which have been prevalent for a day or two relative to the consideration of a new plan by the Administration for the restoration of the Southern States. The views of certain leading southern men as Gov. Orr, ex-Gov. Parsons, ex-Gov. Marvin and others, have been solicited by the President, and it is more than probable that one of these will submit in his Message to the Fortieth Congress, on the 4th of March, a basis of restoration, which it is thought will command the liberal elements of the Republican party, and be acceptable to the leading men of the South. One feature of the new plan will be the doubtless adoption of universal amnesty and another on qualified suffrage. Nothing, however, has been definitely acted on in this special respect of the new plan.

From the Evening Chronicle Despatches.

The President is not yet positively decided whom he will nominate as director of the Philadelphia Mint in place of Mr. Millward, but it is almost certain that he will appoint Col. James Page.

It is probable that Charles T. Sherman, Esq., will be nominated as United States District Judge, for the Northern District of Ohio. Mr. Sherman is a brother of General Sherman and Senator Sherman.

The Judiciary Committee of the House is becoming impatient at the delay of Mr. Ashley in putting in evidence regarding the impeachment. Mr. Boutwell, the Chairman of the Committee, yesterday notified the former gentleman that unless he could produce such witnesses the next week, going to prove all that he set up in the charges now under investigation, the Committee would take no cognizance of the matter, owing to the near expiration of the session.

THE WEST INDIES AND BELIZE.

Cholera and Small Pox in Cuba—Yellow Fever in British Guiana—Indian War in Belize—British Troops Defeated.

NEW YORK, February 3.—The steamer Columbia brings Havana advices to January 30th. The weather has been unusually disagreeable, but as yet there is little sickness, though there has been a few cases of yellow fever in the harbor. Small pox has apparently run its course in Matamoras, though over five hundred cases were there reported. Advices from St. Thomas state that the cholera is rapidly decreasing.

The Dominican Republic is progressing finely under President Gabral.

At Demarara the yellow fever is raging, and up to January 7th one hundred and sixty-eight cases were received in hospitals, thirty-two of which died.

A letter from Belize, Honduras, January 5th, states that the colonists are in a wild state of excitement in consequence of the Indian raid on the mahogany cutters and planters, a detachment of British troops which was sent against the enemy in December was met by the Indians and defeated after a short battle. The retreat of the British is described as a very disorderly route. Martial law was proclaimed in Belize, and continued in operation. English reinforcements had arrived and others were expected. Trade is dull in Belize, although slightly improved.

THE INDIANS.

Another Horrible Massacre on the Plains.

FIFTY-NINE EMIGRANTS MURDERED.

Gens. Grant and Sherman on Supplying the Indians with Arms.

GEN. SHERMAN ON THE PHIL. KEARNEY MASSACRE.

THE MURDERS LAST WEEK.

JUNCTION CITY, KANSAS, February 2.—A man came into Salina, about fifty miles west of here, yesterday, and reports a frightful massacre of white men by Cheyenne Indians, near the head of Smoky Hill river, a few days since, under the following circumstances: Wallace's train, with sixty men, were in camp, when a party of fourteen Indians came begging. The teamsters refused to give them anything, whereupon the Indians fired upon them, without effect. The teamsters returned the fire, and killed eight Indians. About eight o'clock that night the camp was surrounded by two hundred Indians, who massacred fifty-nine out the sixty-three. The man that brought the news had an arrow hole through his shoulder, and another wound in his hip. He claims to be one of four men that escaped from the party.

William Comstock, the famous interpreter, Government scout and guide, says the Cheyennes and Arrapoes of Arkansas and Smoky Hill appear friendly, but a part of the northern Indians are now moving Southward, and have already committed many murders and other outrages. Mr. Comstock believes they mean war.

INDIANS OF IDAHO AND MONTANO.

SAN FRANCISCO, February 2.—A telegram states that General Crook was actively carrying on the war against the Indians in Idaho Territory, and confirms the report of the capture of one hundred Indians.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 2.—Late Montana papers report considerable alarm in different regions on account of the Indian depredations, and the people were arming to chastise them.

FORT PHIL. KEARNEY MASSACRE.

The Secretary of War to-day communicated to the Senate telegrams and other official communications relative to the massacre of troops by Indians, on the 21st of December, near Port Phil Kearney. The report of General Cook shows that three officers, Lieutenant Colonel Fetterman, Captain Brown and Lieutenant Greenwood, and ninety men were killed.

Lieutenant General Sherman, in forwarding the partial report of the commanding general, says that he can make no recommendation for a court-martial, until he receives the sub-reports of Colonel Carrington and General Weitzel. On the 28th of January, General Sherman forwarded to General Grant an extract from a private letter received at his office, from a Sergeant at the fort, describing the horrors of the massacre. It represents that no one escaped; that all were butchered and scalped; that Fetterman was gashed with knives; tomahawked, stripped of every article of dress, and shot through and through with arrows.

The writer complains of the conduct of the Indian Commissioners, and says they are furnishing the Indians with guns and ammunition to hunt with, and they are using them to murder white men. The officers estimate the number of Indians attacking the massacred party at 3,000. There are detachments of six companies, with five officers, at the post. Their numbers are deemed too few, and the weather too intensely cold, to admit of aggressive operations at present.

SELLING ARMS TO THE INDIANS—LETTER OF GENERAL SHERMAN.

The Secretary of War has addressed a communication to Representative Schenck, Chairman of the Committee on Military Affairs, enclosing a copy of a letter from Maj. Douglas, commanding at Fort Dodge, dated January 18th, in relation to the issue of a large number of arms with ammunition to the Kiowas and other Indian tribes, and expressing apprehensions of Indian hostilities. Gen. Sherman says the "the anxiety of the Indians at the present time to obtain arms and ammunition is so great a temptation to trade, that for a revolver an Indian will give ten and eleven times its value in horses and furs; powder and lead are sold to them at the same rate, and their bulk is so small that large quantities can be transported at comparatively little expense. This anxiety cannot be caused by a lack of such articles, as they have plenty to last some time; but everything tends to show that the Indians are laying in large supplies, preparatory to an outbreak. When the outbreak occurs, we will see, too late, that we have provided our enemies with means for our destruction."

General Grant, on the 1stinst. enclosed to the Secretary of War a letter from General Sherman. General Grant says the views above the urgent necessity for the immediate transfer of the Ind

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1867.

THE Meadville *Republican* thinks Hon. David Derickson, of that county, would make an excellent and acceptable candidate for the Supreme Bench on the part of the Republicans.

BOTH HOUSES at Harrisburg have under consideration the proposition to raise the legal rate of interest to seven per centum. It would be better to leave the rate of interest subject to contract between parties, fixing seven per centum as the rate when none is agreed upon. No solid reason can be given why money, as all other commodities, should not be regulated by the demand. Such is practically the case; even banks, in all the larger cities, getting as high as ten or twelve per centum in times of scarcity, and taking that as the measure, money is always scarce at Pittsburgh. Massachusetts has recently raised the legal rate to seven per centum.

WHEN the Office Tenure bill was under consideration in the Senate Mr. SUMNER offered an amendment extending its operation to members of the Cabinet. This was rejected by a decided majority. When the bill came up in the Senate on Friday Mr. WILLIAMS offered the same amendment, and it was rejected. A reconsideration was obtained, and on Saturday the amendment was carried. Whether the Senate will concur may be regarded as doubtful.

The amendment, doubtless, had its origin in the probability of Mr. STANTON's dismissal. If the amendment shall prevail he cannot be displaced without the consent of the Senate, and so of all other present and prospective cabinet officers.

THE PRESIDENT has at last become satisfied that his scheme of reconstruction is opposed by a large majority of the loyal people of the country, and cannot prevail. He has concluded to abandon it, and to borrow an idea from Mr. GREELEY, which is to base the restoration of the revolted States upon an exchange of impartial suffrage for universal amnesty. It is probable that at the opening of the next Congress, on the fourth of next month he will embody his new scheme in his message.

This will put the President in an awkward dilemma with himself. He did not rest his original method of reconstruction on expediency, but on Constitutional right. He maintained that the Southern States, by rebellion, had incurred no forfeitures, and, hence, it was high-handed usurpation for Congress to attach conditions to restoration. He now proposes to dictate terms himself, and so to fall under his own condemnation.

This new project of the President, while offensive to the Southern leaders, will suit them better than the Constitutional Amendment, which send them into political banishment. They will elect, however, to let some of the blacks vote, rather than not hold office themselves.

But this movement of the President will strengthen him with the Republicans. A considerable portion of them have all along concurred with Mr. GREELEY, and will not be likely to recant because they have made a convert of the President, and are in fair way to secure through him the concurrence of the Southern leaders.

MR. BIGHAM'S BILL.

Elsewhere in this issue will be found the Bill to Authorize the Formation of Railroad Companies, prepared for the Senate Committee on Railroads by Mr. BIGHAM, one of the Senators for this county. We bespeak for it an immediate and careful consideration by the friends of Freedom in Railroad Building. If defects are discovered in it, let them be pointed out at once, and amendment be insisted on. It is better the measure should fail entirely at this session than that a bill should be accepted which will not serve effectually the purpose intended. So far as we are able to judge Mr. BIGHAM has acquitted himself of the task devolved upon him in a satisfactory manner.

And here we cannot refrain from remarking that it is idle to hammer away at the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. The Managers of that concern are charged with the protection of an immense interest. They would be false to the trust confided to them if they failed to do all they honorably could in behalf of the stockholders. Whatever an individual has a right to do for his particular calling they have a right to do. The capital they control was embarked under a policy of special franchises. As a departure from that policy might prove injurious to their road, they instinctively oppose it. In this they do no more than every sensible individual would do, if he could, in the management of his private affairs. We hear a good deal about magnanimity and the encouragement of enterprise; but we do not see that they who so preach reduce their own theories to practice in their respective concerns.

Nor is it an offence for this Company to seek to influence legislation, so as to make it favorable to themselves or to their caste, provided they resort only to means which are legitimate when used by an individual in his own behalf. They are just as clearly at liberty to oppose a General Railroad Law as other parties are to contend for it. In opposing a General Law they occupy a position held in common by all the Railroad Companies in existence. To illustrate this point. The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company are anxious the legislation in this Commonwealth unfriendly to the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad Company should be rescinded; but they have so little liking for a Free Railroad Law it is manifest they would not accept one, applicable to Pennsylvania and Maryland alike, to secure the repeal of the repealing Act. What is for their welfare they desire, but nothing beyond that. This is human nature, whether acting in individual or corporate capacities; and it is weakness to grumble about it.

If the Pennsylvania Railroad Company or any other Company, or several Companies in combination, shall resort to corrupt appliances to defeat Mr. BIGHAM's bill, or any bill of that character, they will do an act deserving of sharp censure and serious punishment; but they will not be as guilty as members of the Legislature who receive the bribes they offer and give their votes or their absence as an equivalent. Members of the Legislature in addition to the ordinary obligations to honesty, which attach to all men, have taken solemn oaths to observe the laws and deport themselves conscientiously in the performance of their public duties. Outsiders are not under this special obligation, so that, while it is a wrong and a crime to offer a bribe to a member, it is a still more flagrant thing for a member to accept a corrupt consideration.

By this we do not mean to imply that all members who may vote against Mr. Bigham's bill, or any General Railroad bill, will do so under improper motives. Far from it. In some localities all the railroad facilities desired have been obtained or are obtainable. New railroads in certain directions, would divert trade from them. The representatives of those localities, actuated by that selfishness which is a predominant trait in human nature, but does not add to its loveliness, may be expected to go by a sort of gravitation, against any change of the present status. In doing so, they will be neither better nor worse than other men. But members who represent districts which are in want of railroad accommodations, and who may vote against a General Law, will be fairly liable to suspicion of having acted from unworthy and mercenary motives.

There is still another aspect of this case. The Republican party is in power. It has the Governor, and irresistible majorities in both Houses of the General Assembly. By the voluntary action of the last State Convention it stands publicly pledged to pass a General Railroad Law; not a Law beginning in deceit and ending in a snare; but an honest and wholesome law, under which all citizens who want to develop the resources of the Commonwealth by constructing lines of intercommunication may do so as readily and on as easy conditions as they could under the most favorable special charter ever granted by the Legislatnre. Shortly after Gen. GEARY was made by the Republicans their gubernatorial candidate, he was interrogated by a number of citizens as to his views on this subject. He responded, giving a distinct and full pledge to do whatever he rightfully could to secure the enactment of a General Law to facilitate railroad building.

To the redemption of these pledges the People are entitled to hold the Republican party, and will hold it. If it shall refuse or fail to make good its promises in this regard, it will require a countenance of solid brass for it to come before the People of Pennsylvania again, and ask to be trusted on any assurances whatever, touching any matter of public concernment.

IMPEACHMENT.

GEORGE W. SMITH, a Judge for Oneida county, New York, was recently brought before the Senate of that State, on Articles of Impeachment, and convicted, the proceedings closing on the 25th inst. The charges against him were that he received pay for drawing exemption papers under the draft; that he allowed his law partner to receive pay for like service, and shared in the proceeds, knowing the papers were to come before him for decison; that for personal gain he procured the appointment of Excise Commissioners; procured from them his own appointment as prosecuting attorney to the board, and then sold the appointment for five hundred dollars; that he corruptly bailed a man charged with grand larceny, upon condition he should enlist for a bounty of six hundred dollars, which should be held by his law partner, who became surety, the understanding being the bond should not be prosecuted; that he was corruptly mixed up with bounty brokers; that he received five thousand dollars, to be offered as a bribe to the Assistant Provost Marshal-General; and other matters kindred thereto. The Senate held most, but not all, of these charges to be proven.

Is there a man brazen enough to deny that a magistrate guilty of such practices ought to be impeached? If such a man exists, we have not heard from him. What if a higher magistrate has violated his duty, not in the same way, but with equal flagrancy—shall he not be impeached? A good many people say, No!

It seems to us that this question of the impeachment of the President is exceedingly plain. Has he committed acts clearly in violation of his duty? Then he ought to be put upon his trial. The higher the magistrate—the more important the interests confided to his keeping—the more urgent the necessity for holding him to accountability. Shall a paltry County Judge be arraigned and deposed for corrupt conduct, and the President be allowed to do wrong with impunity? If the President is an offender, and a clear case shall be made out against him, the people will sustain prompt and efficient proceedings against him. But it is folly to think of arraigning the President on differences of opinion between him and Congress, or upon what shall appear to be such to the masses of the people. If those who are fomenting this matter, have real material out of which to make a clear case, let them go ahead; but if they have not, the sooner they subside and let the project expire, the better for themselves and the country.

AFFAIRS in Obion county, Tennessee, are daily assuming a more terrible character, the rebel outlaws completely overpowering the civil authorities, and setting aside even the authority of Gov. BROWNLOW. A ruffian named FARRIS, who assassinated Senator CASE, is in command of the desperados, and he has sworn to kill ten Union men before he quits the county. The Union citizens are subjected to all manner of persecution and insult, and the reign of terror among them would be difficult to describe, much worse than that which prevailed among them during the rebellion. If the Tennessee Legislature pass the militia bill now pending, Governor BROWNLOW will make short work of the reconstruction bushwhackers and guerrillas.

IT is stated that the well-known house of H. B. Clafflin & Co., New York, is in financial difficulty. Last year this firm returned to the Assessor of Internal Revenue an income of two millions of dollars, but is now brought to a stand with liabilities of twenty millions. The difficulty is to be attributed to the fact that the market is overstocked, while the demand for goods is very light, and to sales last fall on credit.

IN the State Senate the bill to make it penal to exclude colored people from railroad cars is a special order for to-morrow. A century hence, the student of history who shall stumble upon that bill will take it as evidence that barbarism had not expired in Pennsylvania.

COMPLIMENTARY.—The Columbia County *Republican* is pleased to say: "The Pittsburgh GAZETTE is the ablest paper in Western Pennsylvania."

The Philadelphia Councils are about to forbid street railway companies salting their tracks.

A DAILY "Conservative" paper has been established at Knoxville.

A BILL is before the Legislature of Missouri, with a fair prospect of passing, making the keeping of a gambling house or house of prostitution punishable, in all cases, by imprisonment, and not by fine, the term of confinement to be not less than three months or more than twelve. The people of St. Louis are divided in opinion as to the expediency of the law; some maintained it is as blameless to play faro as to take a chance in a lottery with an Opera House or a set of diamonds for the highest prize; while others think the most vigorous measures of repression should be adopted. As to social vice, many of the most respectable citizens are represented as in favor of licensing houses of bad repute, and keeping the inmates under strict surveillance, while others think it should only be regarded as a crime punishable by the severest penalties.

FROM the Salt Lake *Daily Telegraph* of the 12th ult., we clip the following: "To-morrow (Monday) morning, a survey party, under the direction of Capt. Thos. H. Bates, division engineer, start from this city for Weber River Kanyon, from whence a branch survey of the Union Pacific Railroad is to be made this winter to the valley of Snake River (below Fort Hall,) Idaho Territory. The line will run through Ogden, Brigham City, and Malad, up the Malad or Rosseaux river, on the east side, crossing the old California road at the head of the Malad, thence due north to the Snake River valley, making a distance of one hundred and fifty three miles from the mouth of Weber River Kanyon to the terminus in the Valley of the Snake. The survey, it is believed, will be continued the coming summer due west the Snake river to Portland, Oregon."

THE Kansas House of Representatives passed, on Saturday last, a memorial to Congress asking that aid be given the Union Pacific Railroad to enable it to construct the road to the point where it is to connect with the Omaha branch, east of Denver.

THE Mayor of Philadelphia has given orders to his detectives to arrest and bring before him all the professional thieves of the city, when a person has his pockets picked on street railway cars, so that the thief may be selected from the crowd.

HODGE, the murderer, who is to be hanged at Norristown, Montgomery county, Pa., on Wednesday, will be launched into eternity from the same gallows upon which Probst, the Philadelphia murderer, expiated his crimes.

THE water in Philadelphia is to undergo a chemical analysis, pursuant to an order issued by the Councils of that city. The gas is also seriously complained of, so we think our neighbors hard to please.

THE next session of the British Parliament promises to be more than an ordinary one, and it is hinted that the Derby Government will go to the wall if the speech from the throne shall not recognize reform.

HARRISBURG is assuming a metropolitan character. Recently a prize fight took place near its borders and now another one is to be arranged for at one of its sporting houses.

MRS. FANNY HARPER, a colored woman, has been lecturing on "Our Nation Salvation," with much success in Boston. She is pronounced a FRED. DOUGLAS of the other sex.

MISS CLARINDA GRANT, of Sunbury, Pa., died recently, leaving all her worldly goods, amounting to $4,000, to the Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions.

JUDGE EZEKIEL F. CHAMBERS, of Kent county, Maryland, died on Wednesday last. He was Senator in Congress from 1826 to 1835.

THE Reading *Times* recently adopted a quarto form, but has gladly got back to folio.

COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE.

Regulates and tones the Stomach.

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure

Is a sovereign remedy, for all diseases of the Stomach and Bowels.

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure

Cures Fever and Ague. Let those afflicted with this malady try it.

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure

Cures instantaneously, and you do not have to wait a week to see its effects.

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure

Is the greatest appetizer ever known—it not only creates the appetite, but enables you to easily digest your food.

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure

Is recommended by all the leading physicians.

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure

Is an invaluable friend to all who are weak, debilitated and in a low state of normal action.

Sole agent for Pittsburgh, DR. JOS. FLEMING, No. 84 Market street.

North Carolina Tar on hand at low rates.

fe4:m2w

GRAY HAIR, BALDNESS, DANDRUFF,

ANY DISEASE OF THE SCALP, RESTORED BY CAR'S HAIR WITH LONDON HAIR COLOR RESTORER AND DRESSING.

"London	Our Best	Hair Color Restorer"
"London		Hair Color Restorer"
"London	Physicians	Hair Color Restorer"
"London		Hair Color Restorer"
"London	Use and	Hair Color Restorer"
"London		Hair Color Restorer"
"London	Recommend It.	Hair Color Restorer"

It never fails to impart life, growth, and vigor to a decayed Hair, Invigorates the Scalp, and is sure to produce a new growth of hair, causing it to grow thick and strong. Only 75 cents a bottle, or the half dozen.

Sold by McCLAURAN & CRAKENNAN, 85 Market street, GEO. A. KELLY, 37 Wood st., and JOS. FLEMING, 84 Market street, Pittsburgh. KANE & DRUFFT, Allegheny.

au27:120:MWF

FIFTEEN YEARS AGO, HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS was struggling into notice against the prejudices which everything new, however excellent, is doomed to encounter. TO-DAY it stands at the head of all the tonic and alterative preparations in existence. Its celebrity has evoked many imitations but NO RIVALS. Physicians pronounce it the only SAFE STIMULANT that has ever been introduced into the sick chamber. In the Hospitals of the Army and Navy, the surgeons find it to be a very best tonic for convalescents. In camp it is invaluable for sustaining the vigor of troops on the march, as a remedy for scurvy and all scorbutic affections, and as the only specific for sea sickness. California and Australia have emphatically endorsed it as the MYERS'S MEDICINE par excellence, and in Spanish America and all the tropical climates, it is considered the only reliable antidote to endemic fever.

There is no mystery about the causes of its success. It is the only stomachic and alterative in which are combined the grand requisites of a mild, pure and unvitiated vegetable stimulant, with the finest selection of elic, anti-bilious anti-scorbutic, aperient, and deparative herbs, plants, roots, and barks that have ever been intermixed in a medicinal prepa ation.

It is also proper to state that the Bitters are sold extensively in glass bottles, under any circumstances, by the gallon or the barrel. Impostors and imitators are abroad, and the only safeguard the public has against them is to see that the Bitters they buy bear the engraved label and note on each of hand of Messrs. Hostetter & Smith, and the Government stamp over the cork of the bottle.

ja6

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. BINGHAM, Jr., Adams Express Office, 54 Fifth Street, is an authorized Agent to receive Advertisements for the GAZETTE, and all other papers throughout the United States and the Canadas.

$2,300 WILL PURCHASE that substantial brick dwelling and lot situated on Turnpike street, Lawrenceville. The owner wishes to move to Missouri is the reason of his offering his property at so great a sacrifice. Apply to

B. McLAIN & CO., 122 Fourth St.

fe4

SMOKED SALMON.

SEA SALMON, FRESH SMOKED.

Just received; also choice Bloater Herrings, for sale by the dozen or box by

JOHN A. RENSHAW,

fe4 corner Liberty and Hand streets.

BANK, INSURANCE & OTHER STOCKS.—TUESDAY EVENING, Feb. 5th, at 7½ o'clock, will be sold on second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 108 smithfield street,

20 shares Second National Bank;
40 " Peuna. Insurance Co.;
70 " Nat'l Refining and Storing Co.;
35 " Pittsburgh Grain Elevator Co.

A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

fe4

DRUG STORE FOR SALE.—Situate at No. 108 Fulton street, opposite Centre avenue. This establishment is fitted up in superior style, with a fresh and carefully selected stock of Drugs, and now doing a business yielding a profit of $25 per day. Rent low; with a 5½ year lease. Possession given at once. For price and terms, call on

B. McLAIN & CO.,
Ja4 122 Fourth Street.

WALL PAPERS AND DECORATIONS OF ALL GRADES, new and stylish, as well as cheap, at No. 107 Market street, near Fifth street.

fe2:s77s11 JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE REGULAR ANNUAL meeting of the Stockholders of the HUTCHISON OIL AND REFINING CO. Will be held at the office of the Company, No. 75½ Duquesne Way, THURSDAY, February 7th, 1867, at 11 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors for the ensuing year.

fe4:s72 H. S. PHILLIPS, Secretary.

AN ELECTION FOR PRESIDENT, MANAGERS and OFFICERS of the Company for erecting a Bridge over the Allegheny River, opposite Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, will be held at the TOLL HOUSE, at the south end of the Bridge, on MONDAY, the 4th day of March next, at the hour of 2 o'clock P. M.

fe4:s71b WM. ROSEBURG, Treasurer.

NOTICE.—The Second Annual MEETING of the Stockholders of the UNION CHERRY RUN BASIN OIL AND MINING CO. Will be held at Wm. McCUTCHEON'S OFFICE, No. 204 Penn street, Pittsburgh, on Wednesday, February 13th, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors and the officers of the Company for the ensuing year.

By order of the President.

J. McCUTCHEON, Sec'y.

feb6:s69

OFFICE OF THE ALLEGHENY VALLEY R. R. Co., PITTSBURGH, Feb. 1, 1867.

THE REGULAR ANNUAL meeting of the Stockholders of the Allegheny Valley Railroad Co. Will be held at the Office of the Company, corner of Pike and Canal streets, Pittsburgh, on

Tuesday, Feb. 26th, 1867,

at 11 o'clock, A. M., for the election of a Board of Managers to serve for the ensuing year, and to transact such other business as may be presented.

WILLIAM PHILLIPS, President.

fe4:s78

BISHOP ROWMAN INSTITUTE, A COLLEGIATE SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, No. 63 GRANT STREET.

The Second Term of this School begins on February 1st. R. J. CUSTER, Rector.

feb4:s82

OFFICE OF UNION REFINING AND STORING CO., PITTSBURGH, Feb. 1, 1867.

DIVIDEND.—The Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend of TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT. on the Capital Stock payable forthwith at their office, No. 193 Liberty street.

fe4:s79 WM. KIRKPATRICK, Treasurer.

PROF. COWPER'S DANCING ACADEMY AT WILKINS HALL, FOURTH STREET, NEAR SMITHFIELD.—New classes now forming. On Thursday's and Saturday's Masters and Misses' Class at 2 P. M. Gentlemen's Class at 7½ evening.

NOTICE.—Grand Soiree on Friday evening, February 1st. Overture by orchestra, at 7½ o'clock. Dancing to commence at 8 o'clock precisely. Tickets can be had of the pupils of Prof. Cowper only.

fe4:s76

CUTLERY!

CUTLERY! CUTLERY!

Everybody Goes to

OGDEN'S

For Fine Knives,

67 and 69 FIFTH STREET,

fe4 DISPATCH BUILDING.

PRICES REDUCED.

WHITE, OAR & CO.,

No. 25 Fifth Street,

Offer for sale a large line of

Rich Dress Silks,

fe4 AT VERY LOW PRICES.

UNIVERSALIST FAIR AND FESTIVAL OPENS AT

CITY HALL

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 4th,

And Will Continue Two Weeks.

A valuable selection of articles will be disposed of.

Music, instrumental and vocal, interspersed with Solos, Duetts and Choruses, will make the evening pass pleasantly and agreeably.

Refreshments will be provided in the Hall, closing each night, except Saturday, with a Promenade.

Admission, 25 Cents.

fe4:s33

GREAT SALE OF OIL PAINTINGS, on second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 108 Smithfield street, WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY Feb. 6th and 7th, at 10 o'clock A. M. and 7½ P. M. This collection of 160 choice works of Art was selected with great care and discrimination from the rich and finished series of the most eminent artists of Europe and America, and is specially attractive, as it is of the First Class. It comprises fine, valuable, original paintings, and copies from the old masters.

A portion of the collection was painted for the Art Union, and sold for the benefit of the artists. It is entirely different from the works of such artists as Hily M. Spencer, Myerbeen, Myer, Schroeder, Rosenberg, Hartwick, Somerdyke, Kierle, Willis, of London; Ustade, Melrose, Coates, Church, Rosa Bonheur, and many others of equal eminence.

The whole collection is now arranged and on free view to the public all Monday and Tuesday evening. Lovers of the art and connois eurs are respectfully solicited to give this superior collection a critical examination.

Ladies are especially invited to visit this exhibition of beautiful works of art. The Paintings are all mounted in heavy gilt frames of the Belgian and Dussel orf pattern, warranted gilt with pure gold oxide.

fe4 A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

NOTICE TO OWNERS OF DRAYS, HACKS, &C.

Notice is hereby given to all owners of Wagons, Drays, Carts, Carriages, Buggies, &c., whether resident or non-resident in the City of Pittsburgh, to pay their licences at the Treasurer's office of the City of Pittsburgh, forthwith. In accordance with an act of assembly, approved March 23, 1860 and an ordinance of the Councils of the city of Pittsburgh, passed April 16, 1860.

All Licenses not paid on or before May 15, 1867, will be placed in the hands of the Chief of Police, for collection, subject to his fee of 50 cents for the same, in addition to the penalty. And all persons who neglect or refuse to take out Licenses will be subject to a penalty, to be recovered before the Mayor, double the amount of the license.

The old metal plates of previous years must be returned at the time Licenses are taken out, or pay 50 cents therefor.

RATES OF LICENSE.

Each One Horse Vehicle	$ 7 50
Each Four Horse Vehicle	12 00
Each Two Horse Vehicle	15 00
Each Two Horse Hack	10 00
Omnibuses and Timber Wheels drawn by two horses, eighteen dollars each. For each additional Horse used in any of the above vehicle, one dollar.	

JAMES LYNDER, City Treasurer.

Pittsburgh, February 1, 1867 fe4:s73

BREAKFAST,

DINNER,

TEA.

Teas Free from All Admixture,

In Natural Perfection,

AS GROWN AND HARVESTED.

Sales Restricted to Smallest Fractional Profit.

SIGN--ENGINE IN THE WINDOW.

SHIELDS & BOUCHER,

108 Smithfield Street,

OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

ja30:MWF

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

I HAVE RECEIVED MOST OF MY STOCK, and offer to the Trade a selection from

5,000 Pairs of Various Makes.

Before purchasing elsewhere, call and examine my Stock, as I can

OFFER DEALERS SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS.

JAMES BOWN,

No. 136 Wood Street.

nov15:tf3

PAPER HANGERS AND WHITEWASHERS. Competent workmen can be furnished on short notice, at No. 107 Market street, near Fifth street.

fe2:s77s11 JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO., (Successors to S. Jones & Co.,) Corner Fourth & Wood Sts.,

BANKERS & BROKERS,

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

Government Securities, Foreign Exchange, Gold, Silver and Coupons.

COLLECTIONS made on all accessible points in the United States and Canadas.

Interest allowed on Time Deposits.

MONDAY, FEB. 4, 1867.

WE WILL OPEN

One of the Largest and Handsomest

ASSORTMENTS OF

NEW GOODS

That has been brought

TO THIS MARKET

This Season,

Among Which We Have

1 CASE FAST COLORED PRINTS, at 12½ cents.

1 BALE ALL LINEN CRASH, at 12½ cents.

1 BALE YARD WIDE SHEETING, at 18 cents.

1 CASE BEAUTIFUL STYLE DELAINES, at 25 cents.

1 CASE EMPRESS CLOTH, All Shades, at 50 cents.

GOOD BALMORAL SKIRTS, at $1.50

ALL WOOL WHITE BLANKETS, from $4.50 a pair upwards.

CALL AND

EXAMINE OUR STOCK

Before Purchasing.

IT WILL PAY YOU.

ERWIN, M'CONNELL & CO.,

178 Federal Street,

fe4 ALLEGHENY.

GREAT WATCH SALE ON THE popular one price plan, giving every person a handsome and Reliable Watch for the low price of Ten Dollars, without regard to value, and not to be paid for unless perfectly satisfactory.

100 Solid Gold Hunting Watches	$250 to	$750
100 Magic Cased Gold Watches	200 to	500
100 Ladies' Watches, Enamelled	100 to	300
200 Gold Hunting Watches	100 to	250
200 Gold Hunting English Levers	200 to	250
200 Gold Duplex Watches	100 to	250
500 Gold Hunt'g American Watches	100 to	150
500 Silver Hunting Levers	50 to	150
500 Silver Hunting Duplexes	50 to	150
500 Gold Ladies, Watches	50 to	250
1,000 Gold Hunting Lepines	50 to	150
1,000 Silver Hunting Lepine Watches	50 to	100
2,000 Hunting Silver Watches	25 to	50
5,000 Assorted Watch, all Kinds	10 to	25

☞ Every patron obtains a Watch by this arrangement, costing but $10, while it may be worth $250. No fatality will be shown.

The advertisers wish to immediately dispose of the above magnificent stock. Certificates, naming the articles are placed in sealed envelopes, and well mixed. Holders are entitled to the articles named on their certificates, upon payment of Ten Dollars, whether it be a watch worth $250 or one worth less. The return of any of our certificates entitles you to the article named thereon, upon payment irrespective of its worth, and no matter what it may be, $10 only is named on any certificate it will at once be seen that this is a

No Lottery, but a straight forward legitimate Transaction, which may be participated in even by the most Fastidious!

A single certificate will be sent by mail, postpaid, upon receipt of 25 cents, five for $1, eleven for $2, thirty-three and an elegant premium for $5, sixty-six and more va uable premium for $10, one hundred and most superb Watch for $20. To Agents or those wishing employment this is a rare opportunity. It is a legitimate city concern and has always fully sustained the movement and open to the most careful scrutiny. Try us.

Address, J. RICKLING & CO., 16 Broadway, New York.

ja26:s34

THE PENNSYLVANIA State Agricultural Society

Has determined to hold its EXHIBITION of 1867 on the

24th, and the Three Succeeding Days of September Next.

The undersigned are empowered to receive propositions for the location of the proposed Exhibition, until the

19th OF MARCH NEXT,

When they will be laid before the Executive Committee. Further information of the requirements of the Society will be given upon application to

A. BOYD HAMILTON, Harrisburg.
A. B. LONGAKER, Norristown.

ja30:s45

CHAS. B. BARR. HER. TH. KNAKE. W. L. BUETTLER.

BARR, KNAKE & BUETTLER,

Successors to WAMELINK & BARR,

No. 12 St. Clair St., Pittsburgh.

DEALERS IN

Pianos, Organs,

And Musical Goods generally.

☞ Sole Agents for the Celebrated BRADBURY, New York, and SCHOMACKER & CO., Philadelphia, PIANOS.

Also, ESTEY & CO.'S "COTTAGE," and S. D. & H. W. SMITH'S "AMERICAN" ORGANS, and TILTON'S 2 PATENT GUITAR.

The best Italian and German Violin and Guitar Strings always on hand. ja27:s86

SHEPHARD'S CRACKERS

317 Liberty Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

fe1:s64

TWO ACRES OF GROUND AND GOTHIC COTTAGE AT AUCTION.—Will be offered at A. Leggett's Auction Room, 150 Federal street, Allegheny, on MONDAY, Feb. 4, at 2 o'clock, Mr. Ha baugh's Gothic Cottage and two acres of ground, on the Perrysville road and adjoining premises of W. S. Cullintock. The grounds are planted with choice fruit and in a very desirable pion. to insure competition and positive sale, the upset price is reduced to $3,500. Terms—one-half cash; balance in five years.

fe1 A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer.

NOTICE.—A rare chance is now offered to those who wish to acquire a perfect knowledge of the art of PHONOGRAPHY, or SHORT HAND WRITING. A class is now being formed by a practical reporter from London, England. Address

J. G., GAZETTE OFFICE.

ja15:s46

CITY CONTROLLER'S OFFICE, PITTSBURGH, January 30, 1867.

SEALED PROPOSALS, addressed to the undersigned, will be received until THURSDAY, February 7th, 1867, at 3 o'clock P. M., for supplying the city with STATIONERY and BLANK BOOKS during the year 1867.

JOHN McCARGO, City Controller.

ja31:s54

RECORDING REGULATOR'S OFFICE, ALLEGHENY CITY, Feb 2d, 1867.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—Plans, Estimates and Lists of Assessment on the Property, embraced in the construction of the "West Common" and "Belmont" Sewers, will be open for inspection at this Office, for a period of Ten Days from this date.

By order of Select and Common Councils.

WM. McHENRY, Recording Regulator.

feb2:s81

PITTSBURGH, PA., Jan. 28th, 1867.

D. P. CHAPMAN, Agent ETNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY:

I hereby acknowledge the receipt of $1,093, being amount in full in payment of Policy No. 22,830, on life of CHRISTIAN OYER.

MARY OYER.

ja26:s80

D. P. CHAPMAN, Agent:

DEAR SIR.—Please accept my thanks for the prompt and honorable manner in which you have settled the claim for $5,000, on the life of my husband, WM. J. RICHARDSON.

Yours truly, &c., MRS. R. RICHARDSON.

ja26:s83

BELTING! BELTING!—Leather and Gum Belting of the best quality. Also, Gum Packing, Hose, Gaskets, &c. Lace Leather and Rivets always on hand and for sale at the lowest prices by

J. & H. PHILLIPS, 36 and 38 St. Clair street.

a22

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

G. SCHLEITER,

SUCCESSOR TO

GARDNER & SCHLEITER,

92 Market Street,

OFFERS HIS WHOLE STOCK OF

DRY GOODS,

At Greatly Reduced Prices.

This stock contains some of the most DESIRABLE GOODS ever offered in this market, and will be sold at GREAT BARGAINS.

Elegant High Colored Balmorals

At $2.00.

BLACK FRENCH MERINOS

At 75 Cents per Yard.

A LARGE LOT OF

Empress Baratheas,

50 Cents.

5-4 BLEACHED PILLOW CASE MUSLIN

At 25 Cents per Yard.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

92

MARKET STREET.

fe4:s79

SEEDS! SEEDS!!

We are Now Prepared with Our

SPRING STOCK

OF

Garden, Field,

AND

FLOWERSEEDS,

WARRANTED FRESH AND GENUINE.

We offer special inducements to

Market Gardeners and Country Merchants.

ALL OUR SEEDS ARE TESTED Before Offering for Sale.

HAY PRESSES.

Ingersoll's Hand and Horse Power

PRESSES.

A Full Stock of all Sizes.

J. KNOX,

137 Liberty Street.

ja30

LADIES' AND GENT'S

FURS,

AT

SUMMER PRICES,

AT

HILLERMAN'S

No. 75 Wood Street.

Also, a Large Assortment of

HATS & CAPS

OF THE

LATEST STYLES.

ja18

CHINA WAREHOUSE.

RICHARD E. BREED,

IMPORTER,

No. 100 Wood Street.

BRITTANNIA AND SILVER PLATED TABLE WARE, TEA TRAYS and TABLE CUTLERY.
CHINA TEA SETS.
CHINA DINNER SETS.
CHINA TOILET SETS.
CHINA VASES.
CHINA TOILET JUGS.
BOHEMIAN WARE of every description
LAVA LAMP BASKETS,
LAVA VASES,
LAVA SPITTOONS,
ENGLISH STONE WARE of all varieties, to suit wholesale and retail trade.

The largest and most complete stock of everything in this line in the city.

Prices and terms the same as in the eastern cities.

TO CAPITALISTS.

Lucrative Business in

Pittsburgh For Sale.

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS for sale and immediate transfer the Lease, Fixtures, Good Will and Stock of one of the leading houses in the West combining two separate branches of business, either of which can be carried on independent of the other; one a very large carh retail business almost without a limit; the other a specialty, with but one competitor, and capable of being very largely extended, and in which no capital is required.

The profits of the business for 1866 were $45,000, and it is comparatively in its infancy, being thoroughly legitimate, and requiring but energy and attention. It is to the man of capital at once a rare and special chance.

Satisfactory reasons given for disposing of the same, and full particulars given in detail.

Address, Box X, DISPATCH OFFICE.

ja31:s59

LADIES' FURS AT COST PRICES, AT THE HAT, CAP AND FUR STORE OF

McCORD & CO.,

131 WOOD STREET.

ja25

SAMUEL M. WICKERSHAM,

Iron Broker,

124 First Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Agent for the sale of Cornwall, Donaghmore, Josephine, Isabella, Duncannon, Etnhope, Glendon, and other brands of Anthracite, Youghiogheny Coke and Oliphant's C. B. Charcoal PIG IRONS.

Consignments and orders respectfully solicited. ja14:r93

A. FULTON'S SON & CO.

CAUSTIC SODA,

Both American and English,

FINE WHITE BRANDS,

For Oil Refining Purposes,

Constantly on hand and for sale in quantities to suit purchasers, by

JAMES HERVEY DOBBS,

246 Pearl Street, N. Y.

dc4:r23

FINE BUSINESS STAND.

THAT EXCELLENT

FIVE-STORY BUSINESS HOUSE,

No. 21 SMITHFIELD STREET, west side, between First and Second streets, is offered for sale on reasonable terms.

Apply to STEEL & WILSON,

BROKERS AND REAL ESTATE AGENTS,

fe2 No. 66 Smithfield Street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

REGISTER'S OFFICE, PITTSBURGH, PA., February 1st, 1867.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the following accounts of Executors, Administrators, Guardians, &c., have been duly passed in said Register's Office, and will be presented to the Orphans' Court for confirmation and allowance on MONDAY, March 4, 1867:

First and final account of Samuel Whitehouse, administrator of Joseph Seaforn de ceased, of Hannah Jones, deceased. Filed Nov. 30, 1866.

Final account of Alexander and Andrew Douglass, executors of Thompson Douglass, d. ceased. Filed Nov. 30, 1866.

Final account of Peter Schildecker, administrator of Dominick Schildecker deceased. Filed Nov. 5th, 1866.

First account of Elizabeth P. Roberts and W. W. Barker, administrators of John W. Roberts, deceased. Filed Nov. 5th, 1866.

Final account of Peter Schildecker, executor of Franciska Welsel, deceased. Filed Nov. 6th, 1866.

Account of James Mason and Wm. P. Kain, administrators of Thomas Davis deceased. Filed Nov. 6th, 1866.

Final account of Conrad Eberhardt, guardian of Mina Schinzer, one of the heirs of Jacob Schinzer, deceased. Filed Nov. 7th, 1866.

First and final account of Wm. S. Bullock and Margaret Derrickson, administrators of John Derrickson, deceased. Filed Nov. 8th, 1866.

First and final account of John Patterson and R. Ramsey, executors of John Ramsey, deceased. Filed Nov. 8th, 1866.

Account of Elizabeth Graham, administratrix of William Graham, deceased. Filed Nov. 8th, 1866.

First and final account of William Stewart, administrator of David M. Stewart deceased, Filed Nov. 8, 1866.

Final account of E. P. Jones, executor of Edmund Thomas, deceased. Filed Nov. 9th, 1866.

Partial account of David Clark and Eliza Clark, administrator of Samuel Clark, deceased. Filed Nov. 13, 1866.

Account of Griswold E. Warner, guardian of Sarah Jane Kelly, heir of James Kelly, deceased. Filed Nov. 14, 1866.

Account of William P. Speakman, executor of Wilmer Speakman, deceased. Filed Nov. 15, 1866.

Account of George W. Coffin, administrator of John Gracey, deceased. Filed Nov. 16, 1866.

Final account of Robert Woods and Bernard Young, executors of Joseph Allen deceased. Filed Nov. 17, 1866.

Account of Meichoir Boerner, guardian of minor children of Conrad Allebrand, deceased. Filed Nov. 17, 1866.

Account of John E. Parke, administrator of Frank L. Park, deceased. Filed Nov 20, 1866.

Account of Robert

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

BATES & BELL,

21 Fifth Street.

OFFER ALL THEIR

WINTER GOODS

AT

REDUCED PRICES.

Blankets,
Dress Goods,
Shawls,
Cloaks,
Flannels.

BATES & BELL,

ja 6

AT EATON'S,

Great Reductions in

HOSIERY,

GLOVES,

LACES.

fe2

SPECIAL BARGAINS

AT

Nos. 77 and 79 Market Street.

We would call special attention to our stock of HANDKERCHIEFS, EMBROIDERIES, LACES, INFANTS' EM'D ROBES, SILK SCARFS, LINEN COLLARS, CUFFS AND SETS, BALMORAL SKIRTS, HOOP SKIRTS, WOOLEN GOODS, GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS—G'oves, Hosiery, and Stock generally, which we are NOW OFFERING AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES. WOOLEN SHAWLS, SONTAGS, HOODS, NUBIAS, SCARFS—offering very low to close out.

HOSIERY—Merino Ribbed, all Wool Ribbed, Balmoral, Cotton & Worsted, German and Scotch Plaid.

GLOVES—Good Paris Kid Gloves $1.25, in Dark, White and Opera Shades. A full stock Cloth, Calf and Kid Fleeced, for Ladies and Gents.

HANDKERCHIEF SALE CONTINUED.

We are still offering our stock of Slightly Soiled Handkerchiefs in Plain, Hemstitched and Embroidered.

THE NEW HOOP SKIRT FOR 1867.

Something Entirely New.

We would invite the attention of MERCHANTS and DEALERS to our stock, which will be found to contain all that is seasonable, and at prices to suit the decline in gold.

JOS. HORNE & CO.,

77 and 79 Market Street.

ja22

GREAT REDUCTION.

CLOSING OUT PRICES,

Before Taking Stock.

BRADLEY'S DUPLEX ELLIPTIC SKIRTS—Light, Graceful and Stylish, at half price.
WOOL HOODS, SHAWLS, NUBIAS, &c.—All at less than cost.
UNDERGARMENTS AND DRAWERS, at 40 cents a pair and upwards.
STOCKINGS at 25 and 20 cents, lately sold at 25 and 30 cents.
STOCKINGS at 30 cents, worth 45 and 50 cents.
HANDKERCHIEFS—greatly reduced.
LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, slightly soiled, at nominal prices.
PAPER COLLARS at 15 cents a box and upwards.
THE IRON CITY WATER-PROOF COLLAR is now ready. Price 20 cents per box.
Sole Agents for the CELEBRATED CLOTH LINED and ALL PAPER COLLARS, LINEN IMITATION COLLARS, GRAY'S (genuine) DOUBLED COLLARS, all at Manufacturers' Prices.

Dealers Supplied at Low Prices.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

ja28 19 FIFTH STREET.

GREAT REDUCTION

AT REAL.

case Good Blue Mixed Shirts and Drawers.....60c. each
1 case Good Shetland Shirts and Drawers.....90c. "
5 Cases, Ladies' Ribbed Cotton Hose, 12c. pair
" " " Merino 20c. "
50 " Childrens' Wool Hose, slightly soiled.....5c. "
50 pounds Good Country Yarn.....$1.00 per lb.
1 case Good Linen Corsets.....60c. pair
case French Woven Corsets.....1.25 "
1 case Balmoral Skirts.....1.50 each
doz. Hoods and Nubias, slightly soiled.....25c. each
" Sontags, slightly soiled.....37c. "
100,000 Goldsmith's Best Glazed Collars.....20c. box.
Grey's Moulded Paper Collars.....30c. box

MERCHANTS, PEDDLERS, and ALL who buy to sell again, will find in our Wholesale Department, Goods at

NEW YORK PRICES.

MACRUM, CLYDE & CO.,

78 and 80 Market Street.

ja17

GOODS FOR THE

HOLIDAYS,

AT

DENNISON'S,

NO. 31 FIFTH STREET.

LACE AND EMBROIDERED HANDK'FS, FANCY SCARFS, NORWEGIAN LEATHER SATCHELS, PORTMONNAIES, CARDCASES, GLOVE BOXES, FANCY FANS, LADIES COMPANIONS, CARD CASES, LACE COLLARS, LACE SETTS, EMBROIDERED SETTS, LACE HANDKERCHIEFS, HEMSTITCHED HANDKERCHIEFS, EMBROIDERED SLIPPERS, KID GLOVES, BUCK GLOVES, CLOTH GLOVES, UNDERGARMENTS, WHITE SHIRTS, SUSPENDERS, NECK TIES, LINEN COLLARS, PAPER COLLARS, &c., &c.

Selling Low for Cash.

de31 MF

CARR, McCANLDESS & CO.,

(LATE WILSON, CARR & CO.,)

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS.

No. 24 Wood St.,

Third house above Diamond Alley.)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

10 BBLS. LINSEED OIL received and for sale by

GEORGE A. KELLY & CO.,

Wholesale Druggists 57 Wood street.

DRY GOODS & CLOTHING.

ONE WEEK MORE.

THE

GREAT SALE

OF

DRY GOODS,

AT

Wholesale and Retail,

BY

J. W. BARKER

&

COMPANY,

59

MARKET STREET.

NOW READY WITH AN

Entire New Stock of

DRY GOODS,

J. M. BURCHFIELD & CO.,

No. 87 Market Street,

(West side, near Market House.)

Clean all Wool Blankets.
Bleached Muslins 12 1-2c up.
Irish Linens—best makes.
Table Linens,
Crash, Towels and Napkins

fe2

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

New Goods Just Opened.

Merchants desiring to Sort Up should call and examine our Stock and Prices.

FULL LINE OF DRY GOODS & NOTIONS.

No. 115 Wood St., PITTSBURGH.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.

C. ARBUTHNOT. W. T. SHANNON. J. G. STEPHENSON

ja25

BANKS AND BANKERS.

HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,

Bankers and Brokers,

CORNER THIRD AND WOOD STREETS,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

(SUCCESSORS TO HANNA, HART & CO.,)

DEALERS IN

Exchange, Coin, Coupons,

And particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

SIGHT DRAFTS ON LONDON. ja31:82

N. HOLMES & SONS,

BANKERS,

No. 57 Market Street,

PITTSBURGH.

Deposits received in Par Funds and Currency. Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canada.

Stocks, Bonds and other Securities

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

U. S. Securities,

Including U. S. SIXES OF 1881:
do. do. 5-20's;
U. S. FIVES 10-40's.
U. S. CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS.
Orders and Vouchers bought or collected.

ja30:61

DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK,

No. 65 Fourth Street,

CHARTERED IN 1855.

Open daily from 8 to 2 o'clock, also on Wednesday and Saturday evenings, from May 1st to November 1st, from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, from 6 to 8 o'clock.

Deposits received of all sums of not less than One Dollar, and a dividend of the profits declared twice a year, in June and December, after has been declared semi-annually in June and December since the Bank was organized, at the rate of six per cent. a year.

Interest, if not drawn out, is placed to the credit of the depositor as principal, and bears the same interest from the first days of June and December, compounding twice a year without troubling the depositor to call, or even to present his pass book. At this rate money will double in less than twelve years.

Books containing the Charter, By-Laws, Rules and Regulations, furnished gratis, on application at the office.

PRESIDENT—GEORGE ALBREE.

VICE PRESIDENTS:
John G. Backofen, Robert Robb,
Benj. Fahnestock, John H. Shoenberger,
James Herdman, James Marshall,
James McAuley, Alexander Speer,
James H. D. Meeds, Christian Yeager,
Isaac M. Pennock.

TRUSTEES.
Wm. J. Anderson, James D. Kelly,
John Caldwell, Henry Lynch,
John C. Bindley, Peter A. Madeira,
George Black, John Mackrell,
Hill Burwell, Walter F. Marshall,
Alonzo A. Carrier, John B. McFadden,
Charles Colton, John Orr,
Wm. Douglas, Henry L. Ringwalt,
John Evans, Wm. M. Schmidt,
John H. Gillespie, Alexander Tindle,
William S. Haven, William Vankirk,
Thomas M. Howe, Wm. Wilkins,
Richard Hays, Isaac Whitney.
TREASURER—CHARLES COLTON.
SECRETARY—JAS. R. D. MEEDS. Y1M

REMOVAL.—THE UNDERSIGNED have removed the office of the HOPE OIL WORKS from 35 Market street, Pittsburgh, to their Works on Carson street, Brownstown, where they can hereafter be found. Post Office Address 836, Pittsburgh.

oc2:3m DUNCAN & WILLIAMS.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1867.

General Railroad Law.

The Act introduced in the State Senate, last week, by Senator Bigham, of Allegheny County, and referred to the Committee on Railroad Incorporations.

AN ACT to authorize the formation of Railroad Corporations.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted*, &c., That any number of citizens of Pennsylvania, not less than nine, may form a company for the purpose of constructing, maintaining and operating a railroad for public use in the conveyance of persons and property, or for the purpose of maintaining and operating any unincorporated railroad already constructed for the like public use, and for that purpose may make and sign articles of association, in which shall be stated the name of the company the *number of years the same is to continue*, the places from and to which the road is to be constructed or maintained and operated, the length of such road, as near as may be, and the name of each county in this State, through or into which it is made or intended to be made, the amount of the capital stock of the company, which shall not be less than ten thousand dollars for every mile of road constructed or proposed to be constructed, and the number of shares of which said capital stock shall consist, and the names and places of residence of a president and not less than six nor more than twelve directors of the company who shall manage its affairs for the first year and until others are chosen in their stead. Each subscriber to such articles of association shall subscribe thereto his name, place of residence, and the number of shares of stock he agrees to take in said company. On compliance with the provisions of the second section of this act such articles of association shall be acknowledged by at least three of the directors, before some officer competent to take acknowledgement of deeds in the county where the principal office is designed to be located, and shall be filed in the office of the Secretary of State, who shall endorse thereon the day they were filed and record the same in a book to be provided by him for that purpose, and thereupon the said articles of association shall become and be a charter for the said company, and the persons who have so subscribed such articles of association, and all persons who shall become stockholders in such company shall be a corporation by the name specified in such articles of association or charter, and shall possess the powers and privileges following, to wit:

First, To have succession by its corporate name for the period limited in its articles of association.

Second, To sue and be sued, complain and defend in any court of law or equity.

Third, To make and use a common seal, and alter the same at pleasure.

Fourth, To hold, purchase and convey such real and personal estate as the purposes of the corporation shall require, not exceeding the amount limited in the articles of association.

Fifth, To appoint such subordinate officers and agents as the business of the corporation shall require, and to allow them a suitable compensation.

Sixth, To make by-laws not inconsistent with any existing law for the management of its property and regulation of its affairs, and for the transfer of its stock.

SECTION 2. Such articles of association shall not be filed and recorded in the office of the Secretary of State until at least two thousand dollars of stock for every mile of railroad proposed to be made is subscribed thereto, and ten per centum paid thereon in good faith and in cash, to the directors named in said articles of association, nor until there is endorsed thereon and annexed thereto an affidavit made by a majority of the directors named in said articles, that the amount of stock required by this section has been in good faith subscribed and ten per centum paid in cash thereon, as aforesaid, and that it is intended in good faith to construct or to maintain and operate the road mentioned in said articles of association, which affidavit shall be recorded with the articles of association as aforesaid.

SECTION 3. A copy of any article of association filed and recorded in pursuance of this act, or of the record thereof, and also a copy of the affidavit aforesaid endorsed thereon or annexed thereto, and certified to be a copy by the Secretary of State, or by or his deputy, shall be evidence of the incorporation of such company and of the facts therein stated.

SECTION 4. When such articles of association and affidavit are filed and recorded in the office of the Secretary of the State, the first directors named in said articles of association may in case the whole of the capital stock is not before subscribed, receive proposals of subscription to fill up the capital stock of the company in such places and after giving such notice as they may deem expedient, and may continue to receive subscriptions until the whole capital stock is subscribed. At the time of subscribing every subscriber shall pay to the directors ten per centum of the amount subscribed by him in money and no subscription shall be received or taken without such payment.

SECTION 5. Whenever the foregoing provisions have been complied with, the persons named as corporators in the articles of association are fully authorized to carry into effect the objects named therein, as fully as any corporation heretofore created under any special act of the legislature; and said corporation thus created shall be entitled to exercise all the rights, powers and privileges, and be subject to all the restrictions and liabilities of the general railroad law passed the 19th day of February, 1849, and the several supplements thereto, as fully and effectually as if said powers were specially incorporated in said charter.

SECTION 6. Whenever any railroad company, heretofore incorporated or hereafter and incorporated under the provisions of this act, shall, in the opinion of the directors thereof, require more than the original capital stock, they shall, if authorized by a majority of the stockholders, file with the Secretary of the Commonwealth a certificate setting forth the amount of such desired increase, and thereafter such company shall be entitled to have such increased capital as is fixed by said certificate.

SECTION 7. The number of managers of any company incorporated by virtue of this act shall be a president and not less than six nor more than twelve directors, as shall be fixed by the corporators thereof at their first meeting to choose directors of said company.

SECTION 8. The directors of any railroad company created under this act shall have power to borrow money not exceeding in amount twenty thousand dollars per mile, nor more than the amount of the capital subscribed, and issue the bonds of the company therefor, payable at such time not exceeding fifty years after date thereof, and at such place, and at such rate of interest, not exceeding seven per centum, as said directors may deem best, and may secure the payment of said bonds and interest by a mortgage on the said road and franchises.

SECTION 9. Any company incorporated under this act shall have authority to construct such branch roads to any point as it may deem necessary to increase its business, and accommodate the trade and travel of the State.

SECTION 10. All acts heretofore passed inconsistent with the provisions of this act are declared to be null and void.

Regulations for Pardons.

Gov. Geary seems determined not to be forced into any abuse of the pardoning power, and with this view has promulgated the following regulations to govern applications for the pardon of criminals:

First. No pardon will be granted until notice of the application therefor shall have been given by publication, once a week, for two consecutive weeks, in a newspaper printed in the county in which the conviction was had.

Second. No pardon will be granted unless notice of the application shall have been given to the Judge who tried the cause, to the District Attorney, or to the Attorney who prosecuted, proof of which notice shall be furnished this Department.

Third. All applications for pardon must have with them the following papers, written in a clear and distinct hand:

1. A certified copy of the entire record including docket entries, minutes of court copy of indictment, pleas, and all others papers on file in the court where the case was.

1. A full statement of the reasons upon which the application is based, setting forth all the facts; the nature of evidence given at trial; letters from responsible persons in the community where the crime was committed a recommendation from the jurors who sat on the trial, and if any of them refuse to recommend a pardon, reasons given for such refusals; letter from the district attorney or counsel who tried the case; and a letter from the judge, setting forth his views upon the subject of the application.

Fourth. Recommendations for pardon for unexpired terms of sentence, must have a copy of the whole record as before required. Also, a copy of commitment, petition from prisoner setting forth reasons, and statement from Warden and Inspectors of Prison.

Fifth. No personal application will be permitted.

Sixth. All of the above papers, when submitted, must be accompanied by a printed copy of same, in pamphlet form, twelve copies of which, at least, must be sent to this department. If the parties are too poor, the paper book need not be printed.

Seventh. As these rules are intended to subserve the administration of justice, they will be strictly enforced, and relaxed only when good reasons shall be furnished for so doing.

Sharp Practice.

The Zanesville *Courier* records the following bit of legal history. Some time since an attorney removed from this city to an adjoining county. He at the time was indebted to a city physician for medical service to the amount of seven dollars. Some time thereafter the doctor forwarded his bill to the attorney with instructions to collect the bill, if it was not paid on presentation, and the party had properly, to sue him at once, and procure a judgment therefor. The lawyer, on receiving the bill, concluded to sue, and so went to a justice of the peace, and commenced a civil action against himself for seven dollars. The day for trial came on, the attorney appeared in his client the physician, and obtained a judgment for the seven dollars and costs. He then wrote the doctor what had been done, telling him that he charged him on his books ten dollars for attending to the case, and had given him credit with the amount of the judgment, seven dollars, leaving a balance of three dollars in the attorney's favor. We have no doubt the physician thought he was collecting with a vengeance.

Water in Hollidaysburg.—The Hollidaysburg *Whig* says: We are pleased to state that the \$60,000 water loan has all been taken, and the pipes have already been contracted for. As soon as the spring opens, the work will be commenced and pushed on with vigor. So that by early fall we hope to have the pure mountain water of Roaring Run coursing through our streets, giving health and happiness to the people. The gentlemen composing the Water Committee have the sincere thanks of all enterprising citizens for the energy with which they are prosecuting their labors.

The Coal Business of the Monongahela River.

The official report, just printed in pamphlet form, of the officers of the Monongahela Slackwater Navigation Company, make public some very interesting facts in connection with the coal trade of the Monongahela Valley. During the year ending December 30th, 1866, the total amount of coal shipped in the several pools of the Monongahela Slackwater amounted to 42,665,500 bushels. The following table shows the amount shipped at each pool, in boats and flats, with the tolls and tonnage tax collected:

Pools.	Bush. in boats.	Bush. in flats.	Tolls and tn'ge tax
No. 1.....	7,209,000	1,894,300	$ 14,822 83
No. 2.....	20,344,700	2,310,800	42,651 50
No. 3.....	5,152,400	2,453,200	20,962 84
No. 4.....	1,810,400	1,248,700	10,668 75
No. 5.....		100,000	204 47
Total.....	34,716,500	7,880,800	$109,460 39
Deduct tonnage tax on coal.....			31,649 13
Net tolls.....			$ 77,811 26

The annexed table shows a comparison of the coal business of 1865 and 1866:

	1865.	1866.	Increase in 1866.
Bus. in boats....	37,012,702	34,716,300	1,703,598
Bus. in flats....	6,307,000	7,880,800	1,581,710
Total bushels	39,319,702	42,665,500	3,085,508
Net tolls.....	$69,685 48	$77,811 26	$8,392 78

In October, April, November and September, in the order in which they are named, the heaviest shipments of coal are made.

General Moorhead, the President of the Company, in his report to the stockholders, holds this language in regard to the coal business of the year:

The increase during the past year has exceeded the expectations of the Board. This has probably been owing, in a great measure, to the impetus given to the coal trade during the war, when the demands of the Government, in addition to the natural and regular wants of the people, caused a scarcity, and enhanced the prices to such a degree as to induce the opening of new mines, which increased the supply beyond the demand. The result has been to overstock the market, limit the price below a full remunerating rate, and will of course reduce the quantity, or at least prevent its increase during the next year. The tonnage tax of two cents per ton charged by the State on this article, is a serious burden to the coal shippers, and should be removed.

It is said by our legal advisers that this tax is unconstitutional when charged upon coal or freight destined for any point beyond the State; and following the lead of other companies which have gone the same, this Company caused an appeal to be taken from the settlement made by the Auditor General and State Treasurer, against the charge upon that portion of the coal which passes out of the State. The case will be tried as an early day, before Hon. John C. Pearson, President Judge of the Dauphin County Court.

The Legislature will no doubt, at its present session, repeal this tax, or at least change its form, so as to make it bear more equitably on different corporations. The State Treasurer is fully aware of its inequality and will recommend a change. During the year 1865, the tonnage tax collected upon this Company amounted to $52,515, which was paid to the state Treasury, while the total receipts of this Company were only $48,570.18. During the same period, a railroad company within the State, whose total receipts exceeded sixteen millions of dollars, paid less than double the amount of tonnage tax paid by this Company.

The construction of a shute at Dam No. 4, for the passage of coal boats and barges, when the water in the Ohio river is at a proper stage, is a very important and desirable object, and if successfully accomplished, would increase the capacity of the improvement immensely. The President of the Company has given the subject much study and attention, and has consulted with eminent civil engineers, machinists and others, and now believes that if ordered by the incoming Board, an experiment such as will be entirely successful, can be accomplished, at a cost which the Company will be able to meet without embarrassment.

It will be recollected that such a structure was authorized by Act of May 20th, 1854, but would greatly relieve the pressure upon the locks at the first dam, and be of great benefit to those engaged in the coal business.

E. Clampus Vitus.—The members of the West Virginia legislature, have instituted a lodge of this high-toned and "moriale" order at Wheeling, and are enjoying themselves somewhat thereby.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MY POLITICAL PLATFORM.

Kind friend's and patrons all, I ask your close attention.
I have a stock of Boots on hand, thousands of different sizes.
Which I can and will afford to sell at the very lowest prices.
A lot of Boots and Shoes, of French and German make.
Which none would be afraid to wear, in coldest weather.
My Ladies' Boots are of the best, it really is quite surprising.
That I can sell so very cheap, while prices still are rising.
My stock is of the very best the trade did ever produce.
My Shoes are far the cheapest since the prices I did reduce.
Then seek your own advantage and come to me without delay.
And when my stock is all sold out I'll get a fresh one I say.
Since money is so plenty now, and greenbacks in good credit,
Do come, and buy some boss new Shoes, you never will regret it.
Cold weather is coming on at the door, when the old year has ended,
And if your Shoes are sprung a leak, do come and get them mended.
Then call at the popular Shoe Palace Emporium,
Nos. 55 and 57 Fifth street.

W. B. CLAPP & CO.

ja26

JAMES E. STRICKLER.....C. H. MORLEDGE.

IRON CITY SPICE MILLS,

FIFTH STREET EXTENSION,

Near Pennsylvania Avenue,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

PURE SPICES AND MUSTARD

Warranted when our name is on the Article.

FRESH GROUND CORNMEAL and RYE FLOUR constantly on hand.

COFFEE AND GROUND NUTS ROASTED promptly.

We respectfully inform the public that we will continue the manufacture of all the DIFFERENT KINDS OF SPICES, and offer to Wholesale and Retail Dealers at the lowest market price. Aiming to deal fair, we solicit a share of the public patronage.

R. J. BAXTER, formerly of the Congress Spice Mill, will be found at the above mill at all hours to attend to the wants of customers.

CROFFED FREED constantly on hand.

STRICKLER & MORLEDGE.

de29:q75

FRANKLIN COTTON WORKS,

E. HYDE'S & SONS

Are now prepared to manufacture

COTTON YARN, CARPET CHAIN,

COVERLET YARN, CANDLEWICK,

TWINE, BATTINGS,

COTTON WARPS, &c., &c.

WEST CANAL STREET, between Robinson and Locust, Allegheny City, Pa.

P. S.—All orders by mail attended to. no9 n69

H. J. LANCE,

SILK AND WOOLEN

DYER AND SCOURER,

ALSO,

Chintz Window Curtains and Chair Covers Cleaned & Reglazed without unpacking.

Nos. 135 and 137 Third Street,

Between Wood and Smithfield,

oct19:s72 PITTSBURGH, PA.

BUSINESS MAN'S

COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,

Nos. 6 and 8 St. Clair Street.

Has a Penetual Charter.

Book-Keeping, Penmanship and Arithmetic, time unlimited.....	$40 00
Arithmetic and Penmanship per quarter of three months.....	20 00
Penmanship, per month.....	8 00

For Circulars or Specimens, address

N. SHAFFER,

no6MWF Proprietor.

WEST COMMON MACHINE WORKS, Northwest Corner of Wes Common, ALLEGHENY.

FREDK. ALTVATER & CO.

Have on hand or prepare on short notice HEARTH AND STEP STONES, FLAGS FOR HOUSE-WALKS, BREWERY VAULTS, &c., HEAD AND TOMB STONES, &c., &c.

Orders promptly executed. PRICES LESS THAN SOMEWHERE.

NECESSARIES FOR THE WINTER.—For a good COOKING STOVE and Kitchen Utensils, go to No. 146 Grant St.

Plain and Fancy COAL SCUTTLES, FIRE SHOVELS, Plain and Fancy; Utensils for Cooking Oysters and other fancy dishes; Fenders, Store Pipe, Water Conductors, and all other articles, call at P. C. DUFFY'S, No. 146 Grant street. All cheap! cheap! cheap! oc

CHEESE.

100 boxes Goshen, Factory and Hamburg for sale by

CHARLES C. BALSLEY,

no9 No. 201 Liberty street.

BROOMS.

100 dozen for sale by

CHARLES C. BALSLEY,

no9 No. 201 Liberty street.

LARD OIL.

25 bbls. Extra Refined and warranted Winter Strained, for sale by

CHARLES C. BALSLEY,

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HOMINY.

100 bbls. new prime White Flint for sale by

CHARLES C. BALSLEY,

no9 No. 201 Liberty street.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A CARD TO INVALIDS.

A Clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the Cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by boyish and vicious habits. Great numbers have been already cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, FREE OF CHARGE. Please enclose a post-paid envelope addressed to yourself.

Address JOSEPH T. INMAN,
de29:g21 Station D, Bible House, N. Y. city.

NEW PERFUME FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF

Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."

A most exquisite, delicate, and Fragrant Perfume distilled from the rare and beautiful flower from which it takes its name.

Manufactured only by

PHALON & SON, New York.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

ASK FOR PHALON'S—TAKE NO OTHER

WM. BARNHILL & CO.,

BOILER MAKERS

AND

SHEET IRON WORKERS,

Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26 Penn St.

Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of Boilers in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Beds, Stove Pipes, Locomotive Bellows, Conductors, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans, and sole manufacturers of BARR, HILL'S PATENT BOILERS.

Repairing done on the shortest notice. ja21:82

LAKE SUPERIOR

COPPER MILL & SMELTING WORKS,

PITTSBURGH.

PARK, McCURDY & CO.,

Manufacturers of Sheathing, Braziers' and Bolt Copper, Pressed Copper Bottoms, Raised Still Bottoms, Spelter Solder. Also Importers and Dealers in Metals. Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Wire, &c. Constantly on hand Tinners' Machines and Tools. Warehouse, No. 140 FIRST STREET and 120 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. ja14:r22

ROBINSON, REA & CO.,

(SUCCESSORS TO ROBINSON, MEIS & MILLERS,)

WASHINGTON WORKS,

Founders and Machinists, Pittsburgh,

Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions; Oil Tanks and Sheet Iron Work.

Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding boilers. ja11:r22

REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL CASES.

No. 14 Bond Street, New York.

Full information, with the *highest testimonials*; also, Dr. Beach on Sexual Diseases, sent free of charge. *Beware and send for them and you will not regret it*, for, as advertising physicians are generally regarded, no other reference need be urged. Enclose a stamp for postage, and direct DR. LAWRENCE, No. 14 Bond street, New York.

no13:m3:w

THE GRAVEST MALADIES OF YOUTH AND EARLIEST MANHOOD.—HOWARD ASSOCIATION ESSAYS, on the Physiology of the Passions, and the Errors, Abuse, and Diseases peculiar to the first age of man, with Reports on new methods of treatment and Cure. Sent by mail, sealed, free of charge, letter envelope, free of postage. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. ja11:26:d:w

BUSINESS CHANGES.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name of HANNA, HART & CO., was dissolved by mutual consent on the 1st of January, 1867, the interest of Joshua Hanna having been purchased by the firm of HART, CAUGHEY & CO., who will continue in the Banking business at the same stand, No. 115 Third and Wood streets, under the name and style of

HART, CAUGHEY & CO.

JOSHUA HANNA.
WM. HART.
C. P. CAUGHEY.

In retiring from the firm of Hanna, Hart & Co. (owing to personal and private engagements requiring my whole attention in the east), I take pleasure in recommending the new firm of Hart, Caughey & Co. to that liberal patronage heretofore received by the late firm.

JOSHUA HANNA.

ja2:n282

DISSOLUTION.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between the undersigned, under the firm name of D. FAWCETT & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to the firm will be settled at the Brewery by ISAAC BURTON, Jr., or at the office of the firm. It is authorized to use the name of the firm to wind up the business.

JOSEPH P. HAIGH.

Pittsburgh, January 15th, 1867.

Having sold our entire Brewery, Malting and Hop Establishment to JOSEPH P. HAIGH & CO., we would request from our friends a continuance of the so liberally bestowed upon us during the last seven years, and we are in the business We have no hesitation in recommending the new firm to the public as long experienced brewers as we have no doubt but they will maintain the excellence of the beer.

D. FAWCETT & CO.

Refering to the above, we would inform the public that we shall endeavor to merit a continuance of the liberal patronage so long bestowed upon the late firm of D. Fawcett & Co., and from our experience in the business, can safely say that we will be able to satisfy all those who may favor us with their orders.

JOSEPH P. HAIGH & CO.

ja18:r75

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between JOSEPH MYERS, LEWIS MYERS, E. WORMSER, ARNOLD HERZ and T. W. DAVIS, in the Wholesale Grocery Business, under the name of WORMSER, MYERS & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Arnold Herz retiring from said firm. The business hereafter will be conducted by JOSEPH MYERS, LEWIS MYERS, E. WORMSER, T. W. DAVIS, under the firm name of WORMSER, MYERS & CO.

JOSEPH MYERS,
LEWIS MYERS,
E. WORMSER,
T. W. DAVIS,
ARNOLD HERZ.

PITTSBURGH, January 1, 1867.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between the undersigned, under the firm of

JAMES DALZELL & SON,

Has been dissolved by the withdrawal of J. WILLIS DALZELL. JAMES DALZELL,
J. WILLIS DALZELL.

PITTSBURGH January 1, 1867.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

I have this day associated with me LEWIS W. DALZELL, and will continue as heretofore the business, under the firm of JAMES DALZELL & SON.

JAMES DALZELL.

THE FIRM OF RICHARD HAYS & CO. was dissolved by mutual consent on the 1st inst. The business of the late firm will be settled by LAUGHLIN & CO.

RICHARD HAYS & CO.

The firm of LAUGHLIN & CO. was dissolved on the 1st inst., RICHARD HAYS selling his interest to the remaining partners.

The manufacture of PIG IRON will be continued at the ELIZA FURNACES, under the same style of firm as heretofore.

The business of the late firm will be settled by the new.

LAUGHLIN & CO.

January 25th, 1867. ja26:2t

DISSOLUTION.—The Co-partnership heretofore existing between THOS. VALENTINE and GEORGE WERRLINE, in the business of Mining and Selling Coal, was dissolved December 10th, 1866.

THOMAS VALENTINE.

Lower St. Clair Tp., Jan. 24, 1867. ja25:n45

TOBACCO, CIGARS, &c.

ROSE BUD ROUGH AND READY, ROSE BUD BRIGHT PO UND, ROSE BUD GOLDEN BARS, And other Noted Brands of

TOBACCO,

Manufactured by

R. & W. JENKINSON.

Fifth door from Suspension Bridge, Allegheny.

de23:b36

JOHN MEGRAW,

Manufacturer of and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of

Tobacco, Snuff and Cigars,

45 SAN STREET.

A general assortment Smoking Tobacco, Pipes and Tobacco Pouches always on hand. no26:n57

PAINTERS.

JOHN T. GRAY,

HOUSE AND SIGN

PAINTER, GRAINER AND GLAZIER,

No. 54 Hand St., Pittsburgh.

Plain and Ornamental Signs of every description done to order. All work done promptly at reasonable rates. ja14:r67

WILLIAM H. BROWN,

(Late of the firm of BROWN & MORROW,)

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,

No. 98 Smithfield corner of Third and Market streets,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—A Farm of about 58 acres in Union Township, Allegheny county, Pa., situate about four miles from the city on the Washington Pike. The improvements are a large two story brick Dwelling House with 12 rooms, a two-story Spring House, a Carriage House, a large Lumber House, a No. 1 Frame Bank Barn, with stabling sufficient for 50 head of cattle. There is a fine young Orchard, comprising about 12 acres, stocked with the best varieties of fruit trees. It is all underlaid with coal. The land is in a high state of cultivation, well watered, fences good, and would sell admirably for dairy or gardening purposes.

Also, 17¾ acres adjoining the above, with a good Frame House, Carriage House, good spring house and other out-buildings; with a good Orchard in fine bearing condition. This piece is also all underlaid with coal.

Also, 12 acres adjoining the above, unimproved, for sale low. This piece is also all underlaid with coal.

The above three pieces of property lie between the Little Saw Mill Run and Steubenville Railroads, and the coal can be reached easily from either road. The coal alone is worth all that is asked for the entire property.

FARM of 127 acres, situate in St. Clair township, Westmoreland county, Pa., immediately on the line of the Penna. Railroad. The improvements are a two story Frame House with five rooms and good cellar, a Frame Bank Barr, grain bins, and other out-buildings. There is on the place a good Young Apple Orchard; 120 acres cleared, balance in good timber; fencing generally good, well watered, with coal and limestone; convenient to churches, mills, blacksmith shops, together with the usual personal property such as stock, implements, grain in the ground, &c. Possession given immediately.

For further particulars, enquire of

WM. H. TOWER,

no7 Real Estate Agent, 164 Fourth street.

FOR SALE—A Farm of 250 acres, all under good fence, cleared and in the order, balance in good timber, white oak and hickory timber, with most of underbrush cleared out; well watered and partly underlaid with a two foot vein of coal; good frame house and two barns, wagon sheds, corn crib, pig pens, spring house, and about fourteen acres of choice fruit, different qualities. In this there is no waste land—all can be worked with ease. Situated in Beaver county, Pa., three miles from Rochester Station, and twenty-seven miles from Pittsburgh. Price $50 per acre.

Coal works, now in successful operation; daily production 10,000 bushels, situate on Monongahela river, in coal No. 2.

Small Farm, 40 acres, well improved, 1½ miles from Libertyville Station, on the Western Pennsylvania Railroad, in Indiana county and only 35 miles from the city, all for $2,000.

Two acres in Duquesne Borough; no improvements; suitable for all kinds of small fruit or gardening.

One hundred acres good farm land, four acres cleared; good springs, and timber for fencing and building on the property; situate in Bair county, Pa.; good road to same; all for $1,800.

Small Farm of 50 acres in Fayette township, 50 of which is coal; all fenced; house, barn, orchard, &c.

Several Brick and Frame Houses in Allegheny, one in Freeport.

Six Lots, 35 by 12 feet, in Wilkinsburg. Price $60—$10 each, balance on time to suit purchaser. This is a rare chance for persons of small means, as the lots are only about two hundred yards from the station, they are cheap. Terms easy, and we want to sell them. JOHN CROFT,

Jail Real Estate Agent, 139 Fourth street.

FOR SALE,

A COUNTRY RESIDENCE,

AT SHADY SIDE,

On the PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD, within 20 minutes ride from the city. The house is entirely new, substantially built, convenient in its arrangements, and tastefully ornamented inside and out. It has hot and cold water, and gas fixtures throughout. It occupies a commanding site, and is one of the finest in the line. The grounds are all attractive, consisting of nine acres, part of which is the original forest, the remainder being well adapted for fruits and vegetables. There is a thrifty orchard of dwarf trees.

The surroundings are all attractive, consisting of private residences of the first character.

For full particulars, apply to

S. S. BRYAN,

Broker in Stocks and Real Estate,

ja17 57 Fourth st., (Burke's Building.)

VALUABLE FARM

AT ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

That valuable Farm situate in Loyalsanna township, Westmoreland county, Pa., late property of Jonathan Whitesell, Wm. Stewart, John Johnston and others, late the property of Thomas Johnston, deceased, containing

One Hundred and Thirty-seven Acres.

The improvements are a two-story Frame Dwelling House and a good Frame Bank Barn, a tenant House and other necessary out buildings. The property is within one mile of coal and Limestone, and is convenient to Churches, Mills and Schools, and within one hundred miles

Y AND SUBURBAN.

NEWS ON FIRST AND THIRD PAGES.

COURT REPORTS.

Trial List for This Day.

DISTRICT COURT.—Judge Williams.

98. Wooldridge Telegraph Co. vs. Equitable Insurance Co.

78. William Fisher vs. Gillispie & Mitchell.

73. C. Thomson & Sons vs. O'Hara, Schulz & Co.

95. J. W. Barker vs. Fourth ward (Allegheny) School District.

97. E. S. Ward vs. O. B. Jones, Administrator.

50. E. S. Ward vs. Kane & Co.

96. Ann Mackey vs. Benj. Patton.

99. E. D. Watson vs. Jos. Fleming.

COMMON PLEAS.—Judge Mellon.

203. J. H. Mellon for owners steam towboat Brilliant. On trial.

17. Rosanna Hoffman vs. Michael Ohler.

19. Levi Edmundson vs. H. Heath.

22. Jas. Dowling vs. Thos. Renuff *et al.*

32. W. C. Sneathen vs. David M'Donald.

34. Greenwald & Kaha vs. J. H. Young and Jas. B. Corry.

231. Jno. M. Fulton vs. J. Heron Foster.

United States District Court.

Before Hon. Wilson McCandless.

This Court met at ten o'clock, Saturday, and finished up the business of the special term.

THE CASE OF JOSEPH WEAVER.

Gen. Collier argued upon his motion in arrest of judgment, and for a new trial in the case of Joseph Weaver, convicted of passing a counterfeit "twenty" on the Fourth National Bank of Philadelphia; based upon the following reasons; *In arrest of judgment.* 1st, The indictment does not show that the Fourth National of Philadelphia was incorporated or organized under the act of Congress of February 25th, 1863. 2nd. The instrument in the indictment is described "in substance and effect is as follows," and no reason is given for not setting it out in its words and figures, or tenor. 3rd. The indictment does not profess to set forth the very words or tenor of the instrument, but only its substance and effect.

For new Trial: 1st, Court opened in admitting the testimony of the passing or attempting to pass other counterfeit money, on Saturday night (prior to the offense as charged in the the indictment.) 2d, After discovered testimony.

In contending for arrest of judgment General Collier depended mainly upon the second reason assigned, by also illustrated from the books and precedents that the usual form of drawing indictments had not been adhered to. He proceed affidavits to show that the accused way not in the borough of Birmingham on the Friday night before Christmas, in contradiction of the testimony of Charles Mcritzen add wife and others, who identified him as the person who passed twenty dollars in National currency notes, on that night. General Collier made an able and most earnest argument upon the points of law raised, and did his entire client's case full justice.

District Attorney Carnahan replied to the argument in a clear and learned manner, claimig g that the indictment was good, and that the objection raised was purely technical.

Judge McCandless overruled the motion and sentenced Weaver to pay a fine of one hundred dollars and to undergo five years imprisonment in the Western Penitentiary. (The sentence is twice the penalty at not less than five nor more than fifteen years' imprisonment, and a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars.)

WITHOUT LICENSE.

William Stewart, of Allegheny, indicted for carrying on the business of a retail dealer without license, by selling whisky, exhibited a license taken out since his prosecution. He was sentenced to pay a fine of ten dollars and the costs.

JURY DISCHARGED.

The business of the term having been all disposed of, the jury were discharged and conducted to their room by Constable McAvoy, when they were duly paid for their two weeks' service.

District Court.

Before Hon. Moses Hampton.

This Court met at nine o'clock on Saturday.

VERDICT.

The jury in the case of Saunderson vs. Krepa et al.—action for damages arising out of the destruction of an oil flat at Ewatt's Ripple, in the Allegheny river—found a verdict in favor of defendants.

SHERIFF'S DEEDS ACKNOWLEDGED.

Proclamation having been made, deeds of Sheriff Cluley to the property sold by him were acknowledged, as follows:

To John McDevitt for interest of William Bagaley in four lots of ground on the corner Market and Water streets, Pittsburgh. Consideration $65,000.

To Ph. Beaner & Bros. for interest of William Bagaley in two lots of ground on Wood street, Pittsburgh. Consideration $30,000.

To Samuel McCluskan for interest of A. Speer in two lots in Manchester. Consideration $2,000.

To T. M. Nevin for interest of Tarentum Oil Company in 210¼ acres of land in East Deer township, also for all the coal underlying about 125 acres adjoining. Consideration $22,000.

To W. C. Aughinbaugh for interest of Adam Becker in a lot in Pittsburgh. Consideration $5,000.

To A. H. Mellon for interest of Hiram Heitz dec'd in the undivided one-third part of 102 acres 140 perches of land in Snowdon township, consideration $900.

To D. W. Bell for interest of James Hornor, dec'd in two lots in Manchester, consideration $4850.

To R. M. Dickey for interest of James Graham, dec'd in a lot in Allegheny city, consideration $5000.

SPECIAL RETURNS.

Sheriff Cluley, made special returns in the following cases, which were confirmed *nisi*: Stephen vs. James Horners administrators; Same vs. Same; city of Pittsburgh vs. Thomas Mellon.

Common Pleas, &c.

Before Judges Sterrett, Mellon and Stowe

This Court met on Saturday at ten o'clock, and transacted the following business:

NOT CONTESTED.

The case of Mellon and Schop vs. owners of steam tow.boat Brilliant. Action for damages for the sinking of a flat laden with coal, in the Allegheny river. Taken up on Friday; was not concluded. It will be resumed to-day.

DIVORCE CASES.

Subpœnas were awarded in the following divorce cases:

William H. Barry vs. E. A. Barry.

Rosa Baltzell vs. Jacob Baltzell.

Tobias Seffner vs. Henrietta Seffner.

John M. Miller vs. Catrina Miller.

George Weisenberger vs. Ann Weisenberger.

Winnifred Golden vs. Dennis Golden; petition filed praying for allowance to pay counsel fees.

AUDITOR APPOINTED.

In pursuance of Act of Assembly, David C. Hultz, Esq., was appointed Auditor to examine the dockets of the several Court officers.

ADMITTED TO THE BAR.

On motion of J. D. Bigelow, Wilfred Breed was duly admitted and qualified as a member of the bar.

MOTION FOR NEW TRIAL.

John H. Bailey, Esq., counsel for defense, moved for a new trial in the case of Mrs. Ann Beaumont vs. A. Nimick & Co. Reasons filed.

HOMICIDE CASE.

James Loughran, indicted for the murder of G. M. D. Myers, some months ago, and convicted of manslaughter, was sentenced to thirty days' imprisonment in the county jail. The motion for a new trial was withdrawn.

Amusements.

NEW OPERA HOUSE.—To-night at the New Opera House will be produced in magnificent style Verdi's great opera of "Il Trovatore" by Max Strakosh's powerful company which numbers no less than seventy-five performers. This will inaugurate a brief Opera season, which, if liberally patronized, in addition to "Il Trovatore," will be produced the operas of "Il Africane," "Lucretia Borgia" and Auber's opera of "Fra Diavolo." Reserved seats, and there are many choice ones left, may be secured for any night of the week, at C. C. Mellor & Co.'s Music Store, 81 Wood street.

MASONIC HALL.—The Fakir of Vishnu, the wonderful wizard who excels any that have ever appeared here, in the performance of marvellous tricks, has been importuned to stay a brief while longer in our midst, and we are pleased to state that he has acquiesced to the request. He is popular, and will remain several more days. To-night he gives his grand performance in defiance of legerdemain, which will puzzle the wisest. An elegant gold watch is the first prize offered at this evening's entertainment, and every purchaser of a ticket will have a chance to draw it. Go early if you would obtain even standing room.

THEATRE COMIQUE.—This place is rightly assuming a less objectionable character and is advancing in popular favor, simply because the managers show a disposition to conform to the good rather than the perverted taste. The entire abandonment of false calves on pretty females, the piece will prosper and even rival its formidable neighbor, Harris' Museum. As the managers show much good sense in approaching legitimate amusement we trust they will prosper. Should they again retrograde, our duty to the community will force us to speak out against the "Theatre Comique." An excellent bill is offered to-night.

Frightful (?) Accident.

The Erie *Dispatch* is prolific in sells. It says: About five o'clock, yesterday afternoon, A. Glacier, of the Reed House (an attache of this establishment), was seen to aproech the lofty eaves of the Reed House and, lying down flat, extended a considerable portion of his body beyond the extreme edge, thus awakening the anxiety of the people for his safety, which changed to indignation when said Glacier began to threaten the lives of innocent passengers by below. Before the mild request from the top of the roof to arrest him, he slipped from his foothardy position and came down head foremost, a distance of fifty feet, to the pavement, just North of the First National Bank, and as well might be expected, broke his neck, and literally flattened his body into an undistinguishable mass—a fate well merited by such reckless presumption.

A Little Flood.

From the Wheeling *Register* we take the following:

Yesterday morning the water pipe leading from the main pipe to the fire plug in front of J. H. Mathews' warehouse, on Main street, bursted, and for a time it was feared that portion of the city would be completely inundated. The plug was burned in several places, and the water flooded the streets and the neighboring cellars. The foundation of the small frame house just below Mathews' store was badly damaged, and the earth for some distance around the fire plug was ploughed up in a frightful manner.

PH. R. MERTZ,

Banker and Broker,

118 Wood St., near corner of Fifth.

All descriptions of Government Bonds bought and sold on liberal terms.

London and Continental Exchange sold at New York rates.

Gold, Silver and Coupons bought at highest rates, and Gold Drafts issued on New York.

FINANCE AND TRADE,

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, } SATURDAY, Feb. 2, 1867. }

The New York stock quotations to-day, as reported by Robinson, McClean & Co., were as follows: Gold, 136¾; Eighty-one bonds, 107¾; Five Twenties, old 107¾; Five Twenties, '65, 106¼; Five Twenties, new, 104½; Seven Thirties, 104½; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 83; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago, 97¾; Erie, 57¾; Michigan Southern, 72¾; Chicago and North Western, 36¾; Chicago and North Western preferred, 66¾; Chicago and Rock Island, 96¼; Western Union Telegraph Co., 44¾; New York Central, 99¾.

Our money market is quiet but stiff, and parties in good standing experience no difficulty in getting accommodations, while those who are not, find it exceedingly difficult, and this is as it should be. Bill Brokers report the negotiation of prime commercial paper, with A 1 endorsement, at good round rates, but these are more as a matter of accommodation than otherwise.

Our local stock stock market is moderately active, and there is still a very good demand for Bank shares, at full prices. During the week sales have been made at 64½ to 65 for M. & M.; 65¼ for Citizens; 87 for Iron City; 67¾ for Exchange; 165 bid for First National; 116 for Second National; 108 for Peeoples; 59 to 59¼ for Allegheny. Birmingham Bridge is reported at 33¾; Birmingham Gas, 30¾; Allegheny Valley Railroad Bonds, 88; Connellsville Bonds, 81; Allegheny Valley Railroad stock 16, and Penna Central, 53¾.

As will be seen by reference to advertisement the Union Refining & Storing Oil Company" announce a cash dividend of *twenty-five per cent* out of the earnings of the past year. This, is certainly a very snug dividend, and speaks well for the management of the concern. The Marine Oil Company also, announces another handsome dividend.

The belief is gaining ground that there will be no immediate change or disturbance of the currency, and no alteration in the finding of the public debt from the present authority and practice under the acts of March 3, 1865, and April 12, 1866; that the proposition to derive the national banks of the use of compound legal-tender notes has but little chance of passing through Congress; that Mr. Randall's bill to supersede the national bank currency, by doubling the greenback circulation, will be defeated, &c., &c.

—It will be remembered (says the Philadelphia Bulletin) that there has been, during the last year, considerable discussion in banking circles upon the question of the right of the national banks to hold compound interest notes as a lawful money reserve. The legality of such a course has been at all times maintained by some of the most intelligent financiers, and the recent action of the comptroller has endorsed their views. While few will have the audacity to notified banks that they can no longer be permitted to count compound interest notes as a legal reserve for redemption of circulation. Section 31 of the national bank act requires that banks not located in certain specified cities shall have on hand at all times, in lawful money of the United States, an amount equal to at least fifteen per centum of the aggregate amount of their notes in circulation and of their deposits. It also, in the same section, states, that three-fifths of said fifteen per centum may consist of balances due from associations approved by the Comptroller of the Currency. Section 2 of the act of June 30, 1864, for providing ways and means for the support of Government, by the issue of not over two hundred millions of interest bearing treasury notes, declares that no interest bearing note issued under that act shall be a legal tender, in payment or redemption of any note issued by any bank calculated to circulate. At the date of last statement of the public debt, there were one hundred and forty-three millions of these compounds outstanding. Our previous financials have reported them as selling very much in advance of their face value, on account of the great demand for them from the banks. It is quite probable that they will now decline in price, owing to a falling off in this demand.

—So compound interest portion of legal-tenders begins to mature in a few months, and will be disposed of according to the tenor of their face in about a year and a half thereafter. Often has the severity of so rapid a contraction as four millions per month of legal-tender notes, and the redemption of one million per month of the millions of compound interest notes within a year and a half, it is proposed to give in payment of the public debt, and the compound interest notes as part of their legal reserve three per cent notes to an amount equal to one-half of their reserved reserve, which is now about $200,000,000. These will be practically to the banks the same as legal-tenders, for they can demand legal-tenders for them on ten days notice. The effects of such an issue would probably be two: First, the banks would draw interest, as the Government on their reserves; that is the Treasury would be at the expense of paying the banks an annuity to enable banks to keep the reserve which is required by law; and secondly, the effect would be expansive so far as the volume of currency is concerned, and would therefore neutralize contraction.—*Phila. Ledger.*

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

New York Financial Matters.

NEW YORK, Feb. 2.—Money closed easy at 4@6 per cent. on governments. Gold firm at 36¾. The advance to-day was caused by New York reports concerning the impeachment. Stocks have been buoyant to the greater part of the day, and closed firm with fair demand. Central, 99¾@99¾; Erie, 10?¾@105¾; Reading, 104¾@104¾; Old Southern, 72¾@73¾; Pittsburgh, 84¾@84½; Fort Wayne, 98¾; Rock Island, 97; North Western, 37¾; preferred, 67¾; Western Union, 45¾. The failure of Reed & Yeiverton, brokers, was announced to-day.

Governments steady. Coupons of '81, 107¾@107¾; do. '62, 107¾@108; do. '64, 106¾; do. '65 106¾@106¾; 10-40's, 99¾@100; 7-30's, 104¾@105. Mining stocks firm; Corrydon, 880; Gregory, 11,25; Quartz, 435. Imports into New York for the week amount to $4,207,960, including $3,152,544 dry goods; dry goods for the last seven months, $68,436,863.

LATEST.

The closing prices for stocks last evening were: Central, 99¾@99¾; Erie, 58¾@58¾; Reading, 104¾, Michigar Southern, 72¾@ 73¾; Illinois Central, 107; Pittsburgh, 84¾@85; Rock Island 99¾@99¾; Fort Wayne, 97¾@ 97¾; North Western, 37@37¼; do. preferred, 67@67¾; Western Union, 45.

New York Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, Feb. 2.—In Dry Goods inactivity is still the prevailing feature, and favorable buyers by way of discounts, but the quotations are without change of moment. The impression is gaining ground that Congress will pass the tariff bill, and if so, woolens and imported goods in general must advance. Heavy brown sheetings steady. Atlantic A brings 22¾ @ 23; Pacific extra 21; E 21¾; H 21¾. Atlantic V Shirtings 18; do fine sheetings K brand 17; N Shirtings 12½. Cotton flannels steady. Brown in good demand at 29. Bleached Muslins firm for fine makes, at 37½ for New York Mills, 32½ for Wamsutta, 26 for Bath, 28 for Dwight A, 25 for Lonsdale, 18¾ for 30 inches Bartlett, 16½ for G Falls, 40 for Pepperell, 64 Sheetings do for sale at 30 to 32; do for 36 35; for Waltham 6-4, 48; for 8-4, 85; for Utica 9-4, 85; for do 10-4 90. Prints steady with an unlimited demand. 19 for Sprague's stocks, 18 for fancies, 17 for Allens, 19 for Freeman's and Lowell, 17 Victory, 12½ for Home and Glencove, 23@25 for Glasgow and Lancaster Ginghams, and 25 for all makes of Delaines, both light and dark.

New York Produce Market.

NEW YORK, February 2.—Cotton dull and heavy, and 3c lower; sales, 850 bales; middling uplands, 33c. Flour steady and unchanged; receipts, 1,225 barrels; sales, 6,400 bales. Whisky dull and unchanged. Wheat quiet and steadier; sales of 7,100 bush. No. 2 Chicago, at $2.05, and 7,000 bush. amber State at private terms. Rye quiet; sales of 1,000 bush. of Western, at $1.22. Corn unchanged; sales, 17,200 bush.; western, 80c; Canada West, free, delivered, $1.18. Barley dull; sales of 600 bush. Oats unchanged, more active, and 1c better; receipts, 8,000 bush.; sales, 81,000 bush.; mixed western, $1.09@$1.10½; in store, the latter for No. 2 yellow, at $1.11½@$1.10, afloat. Oats a shade firmer; receipts, 1,700 bush.; sales, 38,000 bush.; western, 60@61c, including a small lot of choice, at 64c. Coffee quiet. Cuba sugar, 10¾@11c. Leather, hops, petroleum and coal unchanged. Wool quiet and firm; sales, 120,000 lbs., at 60@65c. Domestic fleece. Pork firmer, and the demand fair; sales, 5,500 barrels; new mess, $19,50@20,00, closing at $20,00 cash; western mess, $19,50, closing at $19.75, cash; prime, $16,75@ 17,00; prime mess, $19@20; also 1,800 barrels of new mess, $20,50@21,00, for early delivery of February, March, and the next four months. Beef steady, and unchanged, 500 barrels. Lard firm; sales of 273 barrels, at 11@13,50. Bacon steady; sales of 560 boxes; Cumberland, 10½c; short ribbed, 11½c; short clear, 12c. Cut meats firm; sales, 200 packages; shoulders, 9½@10c; hams, 10½@13c. Dressed hogs unsettled; western, 9¾@10½c; city, 11@11½c. Lards unchanged; sales, 500 pounds. Butter and cheese unchanged.

WEEKLY REVIEW OF THE PRODUCE MARKET.

There was much depression in the wholesale market during the week, and also in the light money market. There has been much desire to realize and in some instances a decline of a dollar a barrel has submitted to on flour. The depression has been confined to persons who are short on the market. The unfavorable news from Europe has added to the depression, and the large amount of ice in the harbor preventing vessels loading with wheat, has much pressed on the market. A decline in flour increased the anxiety of holders of wheat to realize and there has been a fall of 12 to 15c per bushel, and at the conclusion there seems a mere steadiness and less inclination to sell. There will be no demand for export at present. The stock of wheat to be reduced to 250,000 bushels of moderate or choice qualities. We quote No. 3 Spring at $2,00@2,05; No. 2 Spring, $2,06@2,20; No. 1 Spring, $2,20@2,25. Barley has been in active demand but rather lower; prices at the close showed more steadiness; stock reduced to about 100,000 bushels; Western, 75@80c; Canada, 80@85c in bonds, and $1,00@ 1,15 free. Corn has been unsettled and has declined 2c during the close of the week; market was firmer; stock reduced to about 4,000,000 bushels; Western mixed, in store, $1,10@, and delivered, $1,12. Pork fairly active but variable prices during the week; in the local trade, low prices having stimulated consumption. Beef sold more freely but was steady; beef hams advanced materially and were firm. Dressed Hogs were less plenty and advanced rapidly. Lard was in fair request; prices fluctuated slightly.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, February 2.—The market is generally dull for all articles. The opening of navigation, now regarded as certain, seems to be a depressing influence on the market, and there is but little demand for any article. Cotton is dull and prices lower—sales of 200 bales at 31@32c. Flour quiet and unchanged. Whisky and Lard dull. Bacon firm; sales of 200 boxes; Cumberland, 10½c; short ribbed, 11½c; short clear, 12c. Cut meats firm; sales, 200 packages; shoulders, 9½@10c; hams, 10½@13c. Dressed hogs unsettled; western, 9¾@10½c; city, 11@11½c. Lards unchanged; sales, 500 pounds. Butter and cheese unchanged.

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Louisville Market.

LOUISVILLE, February 2.—2 hhds tobacco at $3,00@$1,35. Superfine flour $10,00. Prime red wheat $2,85. Shelled corn, bulk, 72c; car load, 75c. Mess pork, $21 for heavy and $20,50 for light. Bacon, shoulders 11c; packed bacon, clear sides 13½c; packed prime lard 12½c. Oats 65, bulk. Rio coffee 24@29. Raw whiskey, $2,25.

Baltimore Market.

BALTIMORE, February 2.—Coffee firm; no large sales Flour quiet small sales of Northwestern extra Chicago at $12,50, family $15,50. Corn—Receipts light; and held firm; Wheat $1,04@1,06. Oats, 55@56. Whisky dull and irregular. Petroleum quiet.

Milwaukee Market.

MILWAUKEE, February 2.—Flour firmer. Wheat advanced, $2,10 for No. 1; and $1,95@ for No. 2. Corn, 65c for No. 1. Oats firm, at 45c for No 2. Provisions steady. Mess pork $18,25.

Philadelphia Market.

PHILADELPHIA, February 2.—Flour dull; Northwestern extra, $11@12. Wheat dull and unchanged. Corn dull; new yellow at 95@98. Oats steady, at 57@58. Whisky nominal.

FITZPATRICK & BROTHER.

FIRST PREMIUM GOLD PEN

MANUFACTURERS, 41 MARKET ST., near Third street, Pittsburgh.

PENS AND CASES, Wholesale and Retail.

PENS REPAIRED.

Persons out of the city having Pens to repair can send them by mail and promptly returned.

no14:cr:MWF

F. MUSSMANN,

Fifth Street, between Tunnel and Chatham Streets,

Gunsmith and Dealer in Hardware.

First class goods of all descriptions always on hand and sold at the lowest prices. Repairing done carefully on short notice. jy23:d&w

LA PIERRE HOUSE,

Philadelphia.

The subscribers have leased this favorite House. It has been REFITTED AND REFURNISHED IN AN ELEGANT MANNER, and is now prepared with the most perfect appointment for the reception of guests. The first position among first-class Hotels will be maintained in the future as in the past.

my23:1y BAKER & PARLEY.

PITTSBURGH ROPE WORKS.

MARSHALL, FULTON & BOLLMAN,

Only Manufacturers in the West of

HEAVY CORDAGE,

Suitable for Steam and Coal Boats.

HAWSER LAID OIL WELL ROPE.

Tarred Ropes for Coal Railroads,

HEMP OAKUM AND PACKING.

CAULKING COTTON, &c., &c.

Warehouse, 114 and 115 Water Street,

Near Monongahela House.

del1:ps48

RIVER NEWS.

The river was still swelling yesterday afternoon with sixteen feet in the channel, and the weather was stormy and somewhat colder than on Saturday. Both the Allegheny and Monnongahela rivers are now open, and so far as we have been able to learn, the destruction of property has been slight, the ice passing off very gently. Full particulars in regard to the break up will be found in our telegraph dispatches.

The Brownsville and Parkersburg packets will, we have no doubt, commenced their regular trips again to-day or to-morrow, and the Leonidas having her cargo on board, will leave for New Orleans as soon as the ice runs out.

The Kate Putnam, Capt. Lightner, is now in from St. Louis, and will be ready to leave on Wednesday.

The steamers Coal Valley, Sampson, Forest City, George Thompson, Mattie Roberts, Little Champion, Express, David Lynch, Argo, Zebra, and Elk were laid up at Parkersburg on Friday last.

The Glendale, Capt. Hare, with Capt. Jas. Mellon, in the office, is filling up rapidly for St. Louis, and will be ready to leave to-morrow or next day. She has superior accommodations for passengers, and being new, is in excellent condition for business.

We hear it rumored that Capt. J. C. Vanhook, an old and well-known steamboatmen, but who for two or three years past has been dabbling in oil, is about to remove to Philadelphia, and go into business.

The Kate Robinson, Capt. Robt. Robinson, is filling up rapidly, and will soon be ready to take her departure for New Orleans. Capt. Andy Beers, an old steamboatman, but who until recently, has been connected with the Penna Railroad, goes out as clerk of the Kate.

Among others, the following boats are now in port: Leni Leoti, Bayard, Grey Eagle, Julia No. 2, Kate Putnam, Silver Cloud, Wing, Venango, Armenia, Glendale, Lucy Silver Lake, Maggie Hays, Ezra Porter, Kate Robinson, Leonidas, Robert Moore, and Amelia No. 2.

The Sherman is laid up at Steubenville, Golden Era at Wheeling, and Glasgow a short distance above Marietta, and they will be expected in as soon as the ice runs out. There are also a large number of tow boats laid up at different points between here and Cincinnati.

The Maggie Hays, Capt. D. L. Hendrickson, will be the first boat out for Cincinnati and Louisville, and passengers and shippers should bear this fact in mind.

The Great Republic is steadily approaching toward completion, and it is probable she will be ready to sail early in March. This mammoth steamer is a perfect model of beauty in every particular, and there is no doubt about her being a perfect success. The new Northern Line packet Dubuque, will be ready to take her place in that trade when the proper time arrives, and Captain J. T. Stockdale is building a very snug and substantial craft for the Upper Missouri and Mountain trade.

The Moore has mounted a pair of new smoke stacks, which add very much to her outward appearance. Com. Kerr has not arrived here as yet.

We clip the following items from the Cincinnati *Commercial*, of Saturday:

Captain W. H. Pinkbine telegraphed to Capt. James S. Wise yesterday that the Lady Franklin was burned at New Orleans on Thursday night, and is a total loss. There is no insurance. The Lady Franklin was built in this city in 1859, and was owned by Capt. W. H. Pinkbine, her commander, and others of this city. She is insured in this city for $18,000, in the following offices: Ohio Valley, $2000; Union, $2000; Eureka, $2000; American, $2000; Hamilton County, $3000; Central, $3000. At the time of the disaster, the Lady Franklin was paying as a regular packet between New Orleans and White river.

Captain James Vandergrift, late of the Pittsburgh Custom House, succeeds Capt. Miles in the office of the Westmoreland—Captain Dales having retired in order to recuperate his health. The Arabian left here for Wheeling last evening. The water was descending the canal last evening, and the John H. Groesbeck coming up. The genial thaw during the past two days has caused a most important change in the condition of the rivers and streams, and we hope we shall not again have occasion this winter to announce a suspension of navigation by ice. The thaw appears to have been general all along the line of the Ohio, from Pittsburgh to Cairo, and along the Mississippi to St. Louis. The levee was thronged with dray men hauling freights and stevedores handling and discharging cargoes. Several steamers leave to-day for points above and below this city. Capt. George H. Brooke has been appointed permanent Secretary of the Marine Hospital Commission. Capt. Alcoke will command the Alice Dean, and retire from the command of this old packet.

Capt. Tom Shuman, of the Wanamita, left St. Louis for Pittsburgh on Wednesday. Pilot Jack Hamilton, of the Wanamita, says:

Three meetings of boat owners have already been held, those present representing the entire steamboat interest of St. Louis. A Boatmen's Exchange will probably be established, where owners and masters will meet before Merchants' Exchange hours, and decide upon rates of freight for the day to all points. The gentlemen at present engaged in the discussion of the matter seem to consider that the numerous agents, has been very detrimental to the steamboat interests. From the action latelyinstituted at Cincinnati, it seems that the boat owners there labor under a similar conviction. We suppose an exchange or association can be created that will prove a success. Of course a fund will have to be raised, as one of the means to impart strength and permanency to such an organization. A breakup in the Anchor Line, now aground at Hat Island, reports matters in that locality on Monday, as in a very unsettled condition. The river is gorged for a distance of about six miles. The Luminary is fast in the gorge about one mile and a half above the lower end, and is in a very precarious condition, as water is making in her hold and all the pumps are kept busily engaged. It is feared that if the gorge breaks up suddenly, she will prove a loss. The greater portion of her cargo is still on board, including about four hundred head of hogs and some cattle. The Crown Point Enterprise was, by the late rise, lifted off the bar, and now lies close into the Illinois shore. The Anna White is also lying near the shore, with her stern hard aground. It is feared that they will be lost, in case of a sudden break-up.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, COLUMBUS & CINCINNATI R. R.—6 bales cotton; 2 do do; 1 do do & cow; 7 hhds meat, J Kippincott; 39 bales cotton, Holmes, Bell & co; 10 bbls oil, Shriver & Spencer; 3 do do, Cooper, 100 bbls flour, D Balzell & son; 4 bbls oil, J P Scott; 5 do do, Wm Rogers & co; 32 cadillac tobacconists, E Hengziston; 50 bxs soap, Graham & Thomas; 10 do soap and candles, J Porterfield; 200 sacks meal, Wm Hastings; 6 bbls molasses, D Carr; 4 pkgs tob wcco, Knox & Orr; 4 do do, E Wormser; 28 bbls fireclay, H H Collins; 2 bbls hides, G N Hoffstott; 9 cases tobacco, M L Jones; 2 do do, 5 Coupal & Co; 3 do do, C Ludwig; 4 bbls whisky, R & A Carson; 10 bxs candles, J S Dilworth & co; 140 hides, A Holmes; 1 car stanches, T Merkle; 10 do do, Wm Hastings; 6 cars iron ore, Shoenberger & Blair; 1 car wheat, J S Liggett & co; 19 pkgs tobacco, Dalmeyer; 64 do do, Smith, Johnson & co; 10 bbls oil, W Hastings; 5 tcs bacon, 2 do beef, J A Renshaw; 13 pkgs tobacco, Armbruster & co; 15 bales wool, Hartson, J Hills; 10 bxs candles, 3 bbls oil, Munhall & Morgan; 2 bxs bacon, J H Parker; 70 sks barley, Means & Gormley; 2 sugar kettles, Wm Rogers; 2 lasses leaves, at 736 for fair, and 740 for prime to choice. Flour quiet and unchanged. Corn quiet, at 81,06@1,13. Oats little offering, at 56c. Hay scarce, at 33@35c. Pork firm, at 23½c. Bacon in fair demand; shoulders, at 12½c; sides, at 13@13c. Lard dull, at 12@14. Whisky and tobacco unchanged. Gold, 135¾. Sterling, 46. New York Exchange ¾ discount. Freights of cotton to Liverpool, ⅝; Havre, 1¼c.

Louisville Market.

LOUISVILLE, February 2.—2 hhds tobacco at $3,00@$1,35. Superfine flour $10,00. Prime red wheat $2,85. Shelled corn, bulk, 72c; car load, 75c. Mess pork, $21 for heavy and $20,50 for light. Bacon, shoulders 11c; packed bacon, clear sides 13½c; packed prime lard 12½c. Oats 65, bulk. Rio coffee 24@29. Raw whiskey, $2,25.

Baltimore Market.

BALTIMORE, February 2.—Coffee firm; no large sales Flour quiet small sales of Northwestern extra Chicago at $12,50, family $15,50. Corn—Receipts light; and held firm; Wheat $1,04@1,06. Oats, 55@56. Whisky dull and irregular. Petroleum quiet.

Milwaukee Market.

MILWAUKEE, February 2.—Flour firmer. Wheat advanced, $2,10 for No. 1; and $1,95@ for No. 2. Corn, 65c for No. 1. Oats firm, at 45c for No 2. Provisions steady. Mess pork $18,25.

Philadelphia Market.

PHILADELPHIA, February 2.—Flour dull; Northwestern extra, $11@12. Wheat dull and unchanged. Corn dull; new yellow at 95@98. Oats steady, at 57@58. Whisky nominal.

GOVERNMENT SALE.

The Property known as the "Government Tannery & Steam saw Mill," with Seventy-five Acres of Land, near San Antonio, Texas.

SEALED PROPOSALS, in duplicate, will be received up to the FIRST DAY OF MARCH, 1867, for the purchase (and payment in full, cash or less,) together with the Buildings erected thereon, and the appurtenances appertaining, that is to say:

ONE TANNERY, containing 12 Stone Lime Vats, Fifty-three Ooze Vats, Seven Stone Pools; and capable of tanning 15,000 hides per annum

ONE STEAM SAW MILL, capable of sawing 2,000 feet of lumber daily.

ONE STONE BUILDING.

The above property is situated about two miles above San Antonio, on the San Antonio River, and the tannery is conducted by the establishment by a race of hewn stone laid in cement.

The land was purchased and improvements made by the late so-called Confederate States Government, and are estimated to have cost $150,000 in gold.

The property has been under lease for the year 1866, at a monthly rent of $400, payable in advance, and expires on the 1st day of March, 1867, by the United States Government.

Proposals will be marked "Proposals for Government Tannery and Saw Mill," and addressed to J. B. KIDDOO,

Brt Maj Gen. Ass't Com. Gen'l R. F. & A. L., Galveston, Texas.

ja14:r&s

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CURLIS DAVIS,

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